Bp number: 00-054-09n

App number: 2000-174XRAB Begin movement: 2/22/00 Received: 2/23/00 End movement: 2/21/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 2/22/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 2/21/01 Status: Pending Acre: 20.00 Effective date: 3/24/00 CBI status: CBI Phenotype: HT - Glyphosate tolerant Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip:Chesterfield, MO Telephone: Fax: 636-737-7085 Initial Assign Bp number and initial data entry [2/28/00]* K Review by biotechnologist Letter of notification to State Led -ex 3. [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*KS *SCR * [Interstate *Dest*MT *WR Interstate *Orig*KS *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MT *WR Release *MT 4*WR [] Enter genes into database 6. Letter of acknowledgement denial / withdraw 7. Enter final data into database



Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198

February 22, 2000

PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-054-09n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-174XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 22, 2000

- March 23, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/ Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- I (b) (4) (CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- (b) (4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- (b) (4)
(b) (4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [(b) (4) (CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 -- (b) (4) (CB) (4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

7	Mode	of '	Trane	form	ation
	MOUE	u	Halis	IOH	iauon

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1500 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

KS, MT

KS, MT

Ship From:

KS

] - CBI

MT

$*$
[$^(b)$ $^(4)$, $^(b)$ $^(6)$, $^(b)$ $^(7)$ ($^(C)$) Cascade County/Province, MT,

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MT,

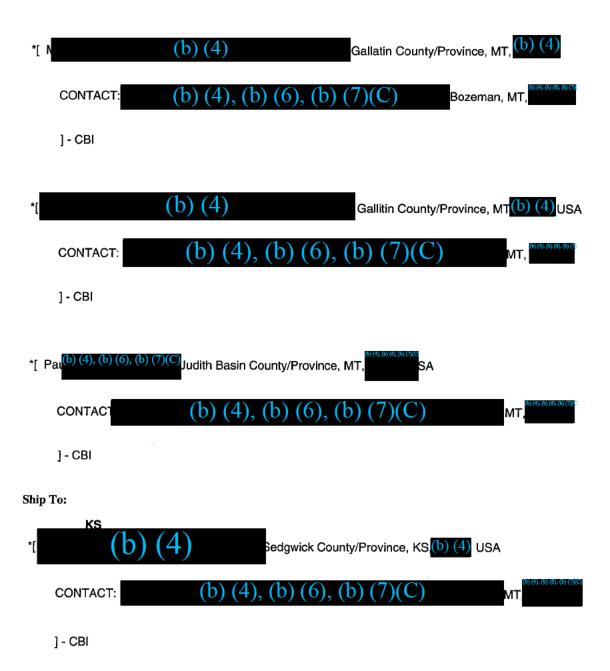
(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Gallitin County/Province, MT USA

CONTACT: (b)(4),(b)(6),(b)(7)(C) Bozeman, MT,

] - CBI

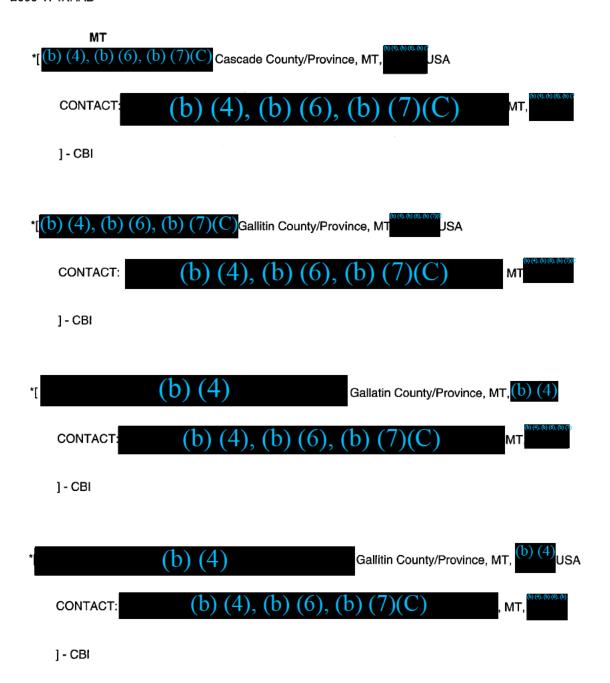
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB



] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (4)

MT

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cascade County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/BESEARCHER:

] - CBI

Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

Page 8 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (0)(4), (0)(0), (0)(7)(C)_{MT} (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

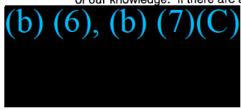


MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 22, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto. Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



Monsanto Company

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 22, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-054-09n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-174XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C

636/737-7085

monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 22, 2000

- March 23, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HΤ

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/ Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

MT

2000-174XRAB

7. Mode of Transforma	ation Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefacien
8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release
Ship up to 1500 pour	nds of wheat seed to and from each location.
ORIGIN:	DECTINATION
	DESTINATION:
KS, MT	KS, MT
Ship From:	
KS	
[CBI Deleted]	*Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cascade County/Province, MT, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

```
[ CBI Deleted ] --- *Gallatin County/Province, MT, USA

[ CBI Deleted ] --- *Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA

Ship To:

KS
[ CBI Deleted ] --- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA
```

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

ΜT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cascade County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

Page 6 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB **Release Site: NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:** MT (4) MT [CBI Deleted] -- Cascade County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres [CBI Deleted] -- Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres [CBI Deleted] -- Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres

[CBI Deleted] -- Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres

Page 8 of 10

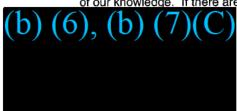
Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 22, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE - (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 22, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-054-09n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-174XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(**C**

Monsanto Company

Phone

FAX **EMail**

636/737-7085 (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 22, 2000

March 23, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/ Variety Bobwhite

Page 1 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [(b) (4) (b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



(b) (4)

CBI

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- [(b)(4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- (b) (4) (b) (4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b) (4)
(b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- I

(b) (4)

(b) (4)

Monsanto	Reference	ID
2000-174	XRAB	

7.	Mode	of	Transformation
	HUGGE	•	I I WI I O I O I I I I W LI O I

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1500 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

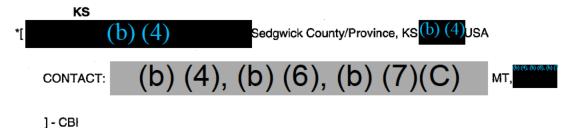
ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

KS, MT

KS, MT

Ship From:

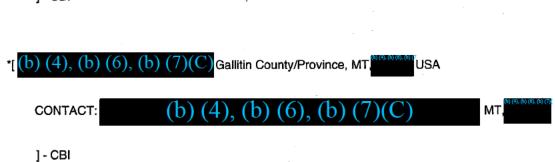


MT

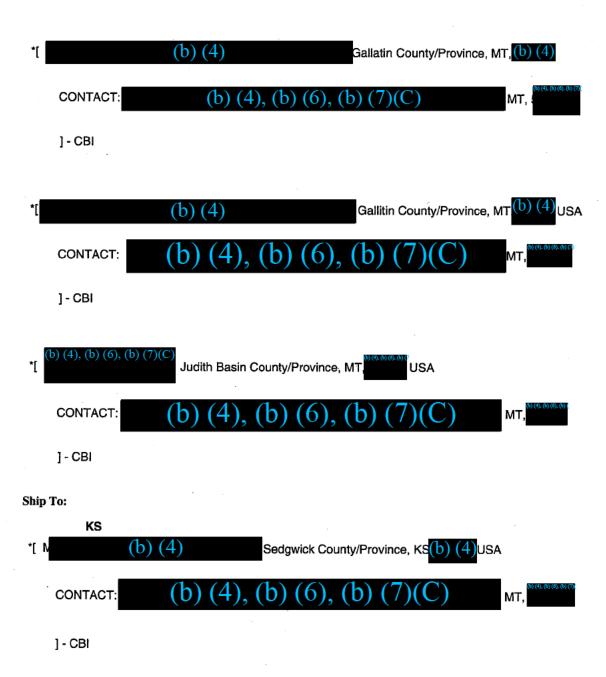
*[(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cascade County/Province, MT

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

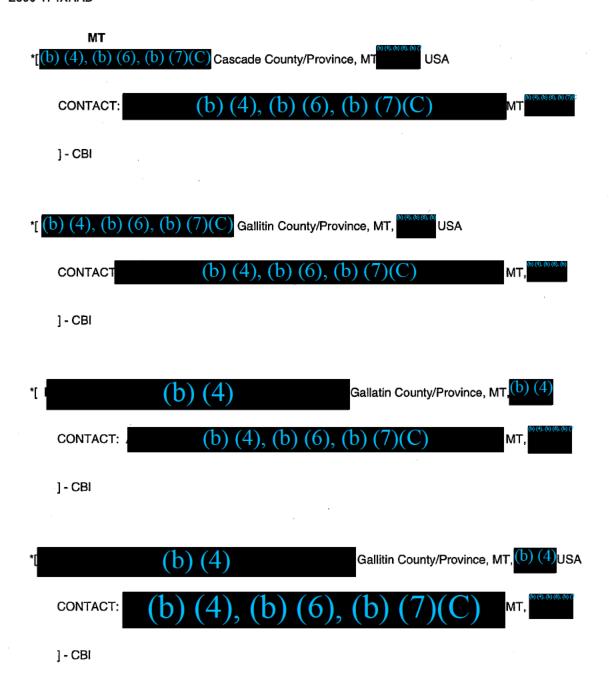
] - CBI



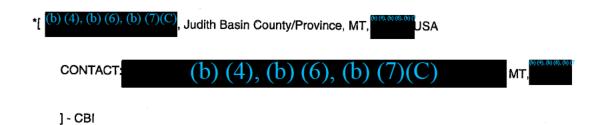
Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (4)

MT

[(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{Cascade} County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b)(4)

Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres.

Page 8 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C

] - CBI

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company February 22, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a



company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.



The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto. Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE -{314} 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

February 22, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-054-09n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-174XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail b) (6), (b) (7)(C

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 22, 2000

March 23, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

HT

Cultivar/ Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana sequence (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fersion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana the CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EROPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

7	Mode	of	Transformation
	MOGE	O.	Hansionnauon

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1500 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

KS, MT

KS, MT

Ship From:

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

MT

CBI Deleted] -- *Cascade County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA

Ship To:

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-174XRAB

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cascade County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA

2000-	174XRAB	
Rel	ease Site:	
NU	MBER OF STAT	ES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:
	MT (4)	
	MT	
[CBI Deleted] Cascade County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres
		•
]	CBI Deleted] Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres
I	CBI Deleted] Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres
[CBI Deleted] Judith Basin County/Province, MT, USA, 5 acres

Page 8 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE - (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-174XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company February 22, 2000



Mr. Tom Sim IV, Administrator Plant Protection and Weed Control Section Kansas State Board of Agriculture 901 S. Kansas Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1281

February 24, 2000

Dear Mr. Sim IV:

Enclosed is notification 00-054-09n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-054-09n

Applicant #: 2000-174XRAB

Received:

February 23, 2000

Effective: March 24, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: KS MT

Release destination:

МT

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons
Name of State official:
Signature:
Date:
State: Rptloc01/R4



Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

February 24, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-054-09n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-054-09n

Applicant #: 2000-174XRAB

Received:

February 23, 2000

Effective:

March 24, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: KS MT

Release destination:

MT

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs wit	th APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CO	ONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdate, MD 20737

Mr. Tom Sim IV, Administrator Plant Protection and Weed Control Section Kansas State Board of Agriculture 901 S. Kansas Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1281

ebruary 24, 2000

2000

Dear Mr. Sim IV:

Enclosed is notification 00-054-09n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received:

00-054-09n

February 23, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: KS MT Release destination: MT

Applicant #: 2000-174XRAB Effective: March 24, 2000

Recipient:

Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS determination. Here note free time	but causal
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	evoluate
Name of State official: Thomas Sim T	
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	
Date: 3/8/00	
State: Kansus Rptloc01/R4	



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737



Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

February 24, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-054-09n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-054-09n

Applicant #: 2000-174XRAB

Received:

February 23, 2000

Effective:

March 24, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: KS MT MT

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RES	SPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS de	etermination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	offers the following reasons:
Name of State official: LOVI	M. Witham
(b)(6),(b)(7)	(C)
Date: 3/2/00	
State: Montana	Potlog01 /P4

March 20, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 24, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-054-09n (2000-174XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Kansas, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ 2. Dames Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS
- G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-054-09n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Mar-21-00 04:06pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

Job number

: 233

Date

: Mar-21 04:05pm

Τo

: 916367377085

Document Pages

Start time

: Mar-21 04:05pm

End time

: Mar-21 04:06pm

Pages sent

: 01

Job number

: 233

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

March 20, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 24, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 20-054-09n (2000-174XRAE) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Kansas, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

R. Dianne Hatmaker, Chier Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, K G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO



An Equal Opportunity Employ



July 25, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

The following wheat sites for release have been canceled.

USDA# 00-040-09n, Monsanto # 2000-97XRAB b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)

Heppner Morrow County, OR

(b) (4)

Lincoln County, OR

USDA # 00-059-03n Monsanto # 2000-182XRAB

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)

Thompson County, (b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4) ND

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4) Trail County ND

USDA # 00-054-06n, Monsanto # 2000-170XRAB

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)
Cass County ND

USDA # 00-054-09n, Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4) Galletin County, MT

USDA # 00-059-07n, Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB

(b) (4)

(b)(4)

(b) (4) Minndoka County, ID

(b) (4) Canyon County ID

If you need further information, please contact me at

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)



Sincerely.
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

- cc J. Griesbach, Oregon Dept. of Agriculture, Salem, OR
 - D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agriculture, Bismarck, ND
 - E. Gingerly, Montana Dept. of Agriculture, Helena, MT
 - F. Vega, Idaho Dept. of Agriculture, Boise, ID
 - R. Stoaks, USDA, APHIS, Sacramento, CA



Monsanto Company

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

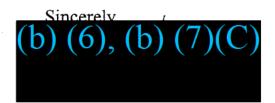
July 19, 2000

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

In reviewing Monsanto's wheat notification USDA # 00-054-09n, Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB, it was discovered a release county was incorrectly entered. The notification should have read (b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4) Fergus County, MT.

I apologize for any inconvenience that this may cause. Please call me at (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) if you have any questions.



cc: G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA



July 31, 2001

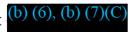
MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 FAX (636) 737-7085 http://www.monsanto.com

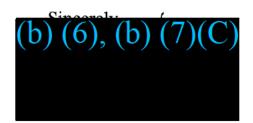
Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

In reviewing Monsanto's acknowledged wheat notification USDA # 00-054-09n, Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB. It was discovered an incorrect (b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4) is located in Fergus County, not county was given. as previously stated.

If you have any questions, please call at (b) (6), (b) (7)(0





cc: R. Stoaks, USDA, APHIS, PPQ, Sacramento, CA M. Bryson Agri Science Division, Helena, MT.

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-054-09n Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location	County	State	
Site 1	Cascade	\mathbf{MT}	(NOT PLANTED)
Site 2	Gallitin	\mathbf{MT}	(NOT PLANTED)
Site 3	Gallitin	MT	,
Site 4	Fergus	MT	

Gallatin County, MT- Site 3
Planting Date: April 16, 2000
Destruct Date: July 8, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI

deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Gallatin County, MT – Site 3 Planting Date: April 16, 2000 Destruct Date: July 27, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12, 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI

deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Fergus County, MT- Site 4
Planting Date: May 19, 2000
Harvest Date: August 24, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12, Line 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI

deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI deleted]

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-054-09n Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location	County	State
Site 1	Cascade	MT (NOT PLANTED)
Site 2	Gallitin	MT (NOT PLANTED)
Site 3	Gallitin	MT
Site 4	Fergus	MT
Gallatin County, MT-Site 3 Planting Date: April 16, 2000 Destruct Date: July 8, 2000 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXC	GT12, line 33512	
Purpose of Trial:	(b) (4)	
(b) (4)		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Suscepti	bility: (4)	(b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptib (b)	(4)	(b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth. (b)	Veediness and Plant Sta	nd Characteristics (b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plo (b) (4)	t Area after Harvesting	(b) (4)
Gallatin County, MT – Site 3 Planting Date: April 16, 2000 Destruct Date: July 27, 2000 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXG	T12, 33512	
Purpose of Trial:	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptible (b) (4)	bility:	(b) (4)
(0) (1)		

(b) (4) Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: (b) (4) Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: (b) (4) (b) (4)Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: (b)(4)Fergus County, MT- Site 4 Planting Date: May 19, 2000 Harvest Date: August 24, 2000 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12, Line 33512 (b) (4) Purpose of Trial: [(b) (4)Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: (b)(4)Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: (b) (4) (b) (4) Disposition of the Harvested Material: Additional Comments:

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken.v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug. Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

FIELD MONITORING DATA AS CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, observations concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



Animai and Plant Heath Inspection Service 4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

March 29, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 29, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-01n (2000-179XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Iowa, Kansas, North Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

£nclosure

CC:

- C. Stoltenow, Iowa Dept. of Agric. and Land Stewardship, Des Moines, IA
- T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS
- D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO



Ал Баши Орржиния Етриум



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-179XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085 (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

IR

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

(b) (4) Promoter: CMoVa/l2 --

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- I

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- [(b) (4)

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4.



CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 --

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 --

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1300 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location

ORIGIN:

IA, KS, ND

DESTINATION:

IA, KS, ND

Ship From:

IΑ



CONTACT:

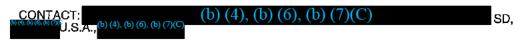
] - CBI



] - CBI

ND

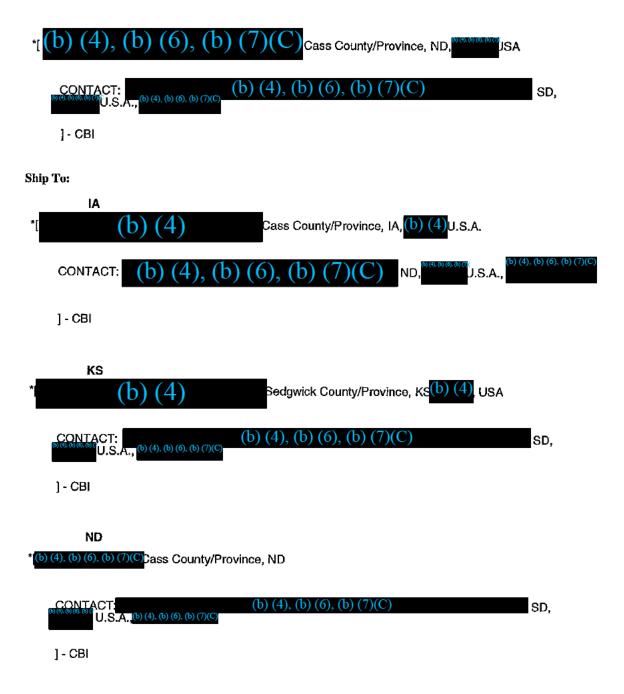
Cass County/Province, ND



] - CBI

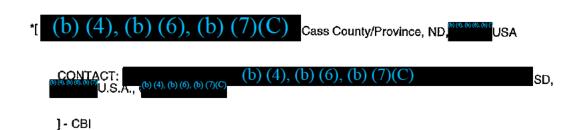
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB



Page 5 of 8

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) U.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b)(4),(b)(6),(b)(7)(C)Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

] - CBI

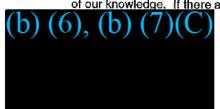


Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000 May 22, 2002

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
http://www.monsanto.com

Mary Jackson Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale MD

Dear Ms. Jackson;

Please find the final reports for the following USDA notifications enclosed.

Monsanto #	USDA#
2000-78XRAB	00-038-19n
2000-89XRAB	00-039-10n
2000-566XRAB	00-231-07n
2000-102XRAB	00-040-11n
2000-179XRAB	00-059-01n

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-059-01n Monsanto # 2000-179XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team July 11, 2001 Monsanto Company

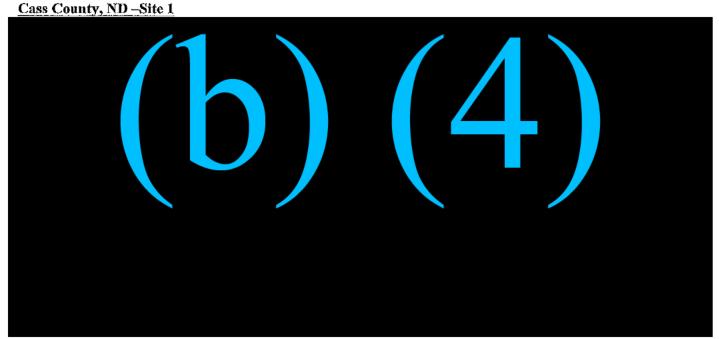
Location Site 1 Site 2 County Cass

State ND

Cass

ND





(b) (4)

Cass County, ND -Site 2



Cass County, ND Site 2



Bp number: 00-059-01n

App number: 2000-179XRAB Begin movement: 2/24/00 2/28/00 Received: End movement: 2/23/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 2/24/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 2/23/01 Status: Pending Acre: 10.00 Effective date: 3/29/00 CBI status: CBI Phenotype: IR - Glyphosate tolerant Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield, MO (b) (6), (b) (7)(C Telephone: Fax: 636-737-7085 _____ Initial Assign Bp number and initial data entry 2. [] Review by biotechnologist M Letter of notification to State Fed-CX 3. [] State response 0/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*IA * *SCR * Interstate *Dest*KS *SCR * 1 Interstate *Dest*ND *SCR * Interstate *Orig*IA *SCR * Interstate *Orig*KS *SCR * Interstate *Orig*ND *SCR * Release *ND 2*SCR * [1] 5. [V] Enter genes into database 6. Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw 7. Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-179XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

IR

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- (b)(4) CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- (b)(4) CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- [(b)(4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4-- (b)(4) (b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4--[(b)(4) (b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [(b)(4) (b)(4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1300 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location

ORIGIN:

IA, KS, ND

Ship From:

IA

*[(b)(4) Cass County/Province, IA (b)(4) U.S.A.

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) ND,

[CONTACT: (b)(4) Sedgwick County/Province, KS (b)(4) USA

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) SD,

[CONTACT: (b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) SD,

[CONTACT: (b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) SD,

[CONTACT: (b)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) SD,

[CONTACT: (c)(4), (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) SD,

[CONTACT: (

Page 4 of 8

CONTACT:

] - CBI

o) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

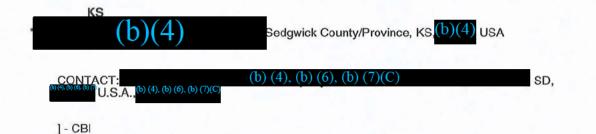
*[Lowell Jahnke Farm, 1052 3rd St N, Casselton, Cass County/Province, ND, 58012, USA

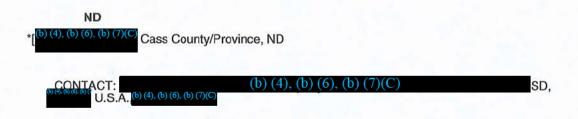
CONTACT: Stephen Valenti, Monsanto Company, 4517 Quail Run Avenue, Sioux Falls, SD, 57105, U.S.A., 605/334-3350

] - CBI

1 - CBI

Ship To:

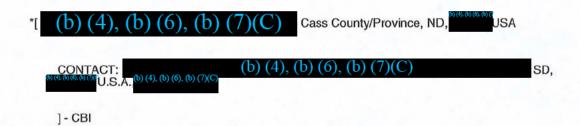




Page 5 of 8

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) U.S.A. (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (c) (c) (d), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



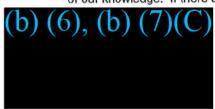
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (IOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically,

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug</u>
<u>Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Monsanto ID: 2000-179XRAB

be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto.

Monsanto ID: 2000-179XRAB

Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-01n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-179XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085 (b) (6) (b) (7)

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{⊉ monsanto.com}

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

- March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

у.

IR

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1300 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location

ORIGIN:

IA, KS, ND

DESTINATION:

IA, KS, ND

Ship From:

IA

CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, IA, U.S.A.

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

ND

CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Ship To:

IA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, IA, U.S.A.

KS

CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres





MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company February 24, 2000



MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-01n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-179XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX **EMail** (b) (6), (b) (7)(**C**

636/737-7085

b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Page 1 of 8

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-179XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

7.	Mode	of	Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 1300 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

IA, KS, ND

IA, KS, ND

Ship From:

IA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, IA, U.S.A.

KS

CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

ND

CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Ship To:

IA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, IA, U.S.A.

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

Page 5 of 8

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

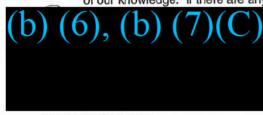
[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
St. Louis, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-179XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000 Mr. Charles Stoltenow
IA Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship
First Floor, Wallace building
East 9th Street and Grand Avenue
Des Moines, IA 50319

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Stoltenow:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-059-01n Received: February 28, 2000 Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB Effective: March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND

Release destination: ND

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE 1	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	d offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Tom Sim IV, Administrator Plant Protection and Weed Control Section Kansas State Board of Agriculture 901 S. Kansas Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1281

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Sim IV:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-01n

Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective: March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND

Release destination:

ND

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RE	SPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS d	etermination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-01n

Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective:

March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESP	PONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS det	ermination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and of	fers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rpt1oc01/R4



Animal and Plant Hearth Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737 .

Mr. Charles Stoltenow IA Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship First Floor, Wallace building East 9th Street and Grand Avenue Des Moines, IA 50319

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Stoltenow:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-01n

Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB

Received:

February 20, 2000

Effective: March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION X State concurs with APHIS determination. State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons: Name of State official: C. R. Stoltenow (6), (b)Signature: Date: March 16, 2000

State: lowa

Rptloc01/R4



MAR 1 6 2000

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Tom Sim IV, Administrator Plant Protection and Weed Control Section Kansas State Board of Agriculture 901 S. Kansas Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1281

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Sim IV:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-01n

Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective:

March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND Release destination: ND

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIN	
State concurs with APHIS determination.	State acknowledges receipt of PPQ ustification, but common
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following	lowing readond:
Name of State official: Thomas Stu M	evoluate turs
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	The formation.
Date: 3/10/00	
State: Kausus Rpt	cloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Meanh Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-01m for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c)

Bp number

00-059-01n

Applicant #: 2000-179XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective:

March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: IA KS ND

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Diazne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE I	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	d offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	(7)(C)
Signature: (b) (6), (b)	(7)(C)
Date: 3-9-2000	
State: VD	Rptloc01/R4

MAR 1 0 2000



OR120018_BR_005842

March 29, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 29, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-01n (2000-179XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Iowa, Kansas, North Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- C. Stoltenow, Iowa Dept. of Agric. and Land Stewardship, Des Moines, IA
- T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS
- D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-059-01n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Mar-30-00 07:13pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

: 561 Joh number

Date Mar-30 07:12pm

To : 916367377085

: 01 Document Pages

Start time : Mar-30 07:12pm

: Mar-30 07:13pm End time

: 01 Pages sent

: 561 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL *** Job number

United States Department of Agriculture

Animai and Plant Hearn Inspection Service

4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

March 29, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N 3t. Louis, Mo 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>anknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 29, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-01n (2000-179XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Iowa, Kansas, North Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

(b) (6), (b)

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

C. Stoltenow, Iowa Dept. of Agric. and Land Stewardship, Des Moines, IA
T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS
D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
D. DeWeese, PPO, SCR. Jefferson City, MO

API-85 - Protecting American Agriculture

Ал боры Орранилиу Етри

Bp number: 00-059-02n

App number: 2000-181XRAB Begin movement: 2/24/00 Received: 2/28/00 End movement: 2/23/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 2/24/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 2/23/01 Status: Pending Acre: 10.00 Effective date: 3/29/00 CBI status: CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip:Chesterfield, MO Telephone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Fax: 636-737-7085 ========= Initial [V] Assign Bp number and initial data entry 1. 2. Review by biotechnologist Letter of notification to State - ed ex 3. [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg *SCR * Interstate *Dest*MO * Interstate *Dest*ND *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*ND *SCR * Release *ND 2*SCR * ſ] 5. Enter genes into database Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63i98 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-02n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-181XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085 (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_@

@monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [(b) (4) (b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512, 35710, 35845

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- [(b) (4) (CB)

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- (b) (4) (b) (4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

(b) (4) (CB) (b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [(b)(4) (b)(4)

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

TA S537, TA S317, TA S621, TA S635, TA S1081, TA S2520. TA S5070, TA S5450 designation of transformed line:

Constructs: PV-TXGT13

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

CBI (b) (4) Terminator: M1 3' -- [(b)(4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: TA S2747, TA S8691

Constructs: PV-TXGT15

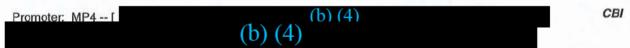
GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: TA S7327, TA S9240

Constructs: PV-TXGT17

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-1 -- [(b) (4) (CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TAS 7886

Constructs: PV-TXGT22

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-3 -- (b) (4) (b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Page 7 of 12

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: TA S7535, TA S9215

Constructs: PV-TXGT23

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Page 8 of 12

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 2000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

MO, ND

MO, ND

Ship From:

MO

*[(b) (4) St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b) (4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MO,

] - CBI

ND

(ass County/Province, ND

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) SD,

] - CBI

*[(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cass County/Province, ND, (b) (4,0) (5,0) (5,0) (5,0)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) SD,

] - CBI

Page 10 of 12

CONTACT:

] - CBI

U.S.A. (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

SD,

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cass County/Pro

Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) SD U.S.A. (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres.

] - CBI



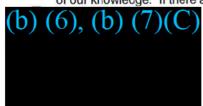
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically,

Monsanto ID: 2000-181XRAB

information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto.

Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.





MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-02n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-181XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512, 35710, 35845

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S537, TA S317, TA S621, TA S635, TA S1081, TA S2520. TA S5070, TA S5450

Constructs: PV-TXGT13

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

CP4.

Terminator: M1 3' -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line: TA S2747, TA S8691

Constructs: PV-TXGT15

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 3' -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S7327, TA S9240

Constructs: PV-TXGT17

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TAS 7886

Constructs: PV-TXGT22

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-3 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S7535, TA S9215

Constructs: PV-TXGT23

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 2000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

MO, ND

MO, ND

Ship From:

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

Ship To:

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres





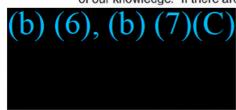
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63i98 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000



Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-02n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-181XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Cheserfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

February 24, 2000

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

HT

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512, 35710, 35845

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S537, TA S317, TA S621, TA S635, TA S1081, TA S2520. TA S5070, TA S5450

Constructs: PV-TXGT13

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 3' -- [CBI Deleted]

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S2747, TA S8691

Constructs: PV-TXGT15

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 3' -- [CBI Deleted]

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S7327, TA S9240

Constructs: PV-TXGT17

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S 7886

Constructs: PV-TXGT22

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-3 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

designation of transformed line:

TA S7535, TA S9215

Constructs: PV-TXGT23

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15-2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 2000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

MO, ND

MO, ND

Ship From:

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-181XRAB

Ship To:

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cass County/Province, ND, USA

Page 10 of 12

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

ND (2)

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

[CBI Deleted] -- Cass County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

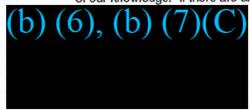
Page 11 of 12

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-181XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000 Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received:

00-059-02n

February 28, 2000 Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: MO ND Release destination:

Applicant #: 2000-181XRAB Effective: March 29, 2000

Recipient: Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESP	ONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS det	ermination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and of	fers the following reasons:	
Name of State official:		
Signature:		
Date:	4	
State:	Rptloc01/R4	

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-02n

Applicant #: 2000-181XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective:

March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO ND

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOT	TIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the fo	llowing reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	ptloc01/R4



Animal and Flant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-059-02n

Applicant #: 2000-181XRAB

Received:

February 28, 2000

Effective:

March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO ND

Release destination: ND

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Disme Harmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS determination.	
Name of State officials Michael E. Blown	
Signature:_ (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	
Date: 3-14.00	
State: MO Rptloc01/R4	

MAR 1 4 2000



OR120018_BR_005889



Animal and Plant Health Inapaction Servica

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737 .

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

.Bp number Received: 00-059-02n

February 28, 2000

Effective:

Applicant #: 2000-181XRAB March 29, 2000

Institution: Monganto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO ND

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE	TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determin	ation.
	the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(6)	<u> </u>
Date: 3-9-2000	
State: N >	Rptloc01/R4

1 2000



April 17, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 17, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-02n (2000-181XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Missouri, North Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-059-02n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

: 01

Time : Apr-17-00 03:38pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

Job number : 999

Date : Apr-17 03:36pm

To : 916367377085

Document Pages

Start time : Apr-17 03:37pm

End time : Apr-17 03:37pm

: 01 Pages sent

: 999 Job number *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***

Animal and Plant health inspection Service

4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

April 17, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N 63198 St. Louis, MO

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 17, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-02n (2000-181XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Missouri, North Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, M. D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND D. Deweese, PPQ, SCR. Jefferson City, MO

APVIS - Protecting American Agriculture

An Equal Opportunity Employee

August 10, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

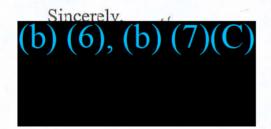
Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

In reviewing Monsanto's acknowledged wheat notifications, it was discovered there was an omitted line number. The following are the affected notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #			
00-041-03n	2000-108XRAB			
00-041-06n	2000-111XRAB			
00-041-04n	2000-109XRAB			
00-059-02n	2000-181XRAB			

I apologize for any inconvience this may cause, please call me at f you have any questions.



- cc M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
 - D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
 - D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO
 - K. Fridley, South Dakota Dept. of Agric, Pierre, SD
 - G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric, Helena, MT
 - R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA

T. Wessels, Washington Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

August 10, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

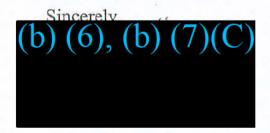
Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

In reviewing Monsanto's acknowledged wheat notifications, it was discovered there was an omitted line number. The following are the affected notifications.

Monsanto #			
2000-108XRAB			
2000-111XRAB			
2000-109XRAB			
2000-181XRAB			

I apologize for any inconvience this may cause, please call me at if you have any questions.





- cc M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
 - D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
 - D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO
 - K. Fridley, South Dakota Dept. of Agric, Pierre, SD
 - G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric, Helena, MT
 - R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA



T. Wessels, Washington Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-059-02n Monsanto #2000-181XRAB

October 31, 2002

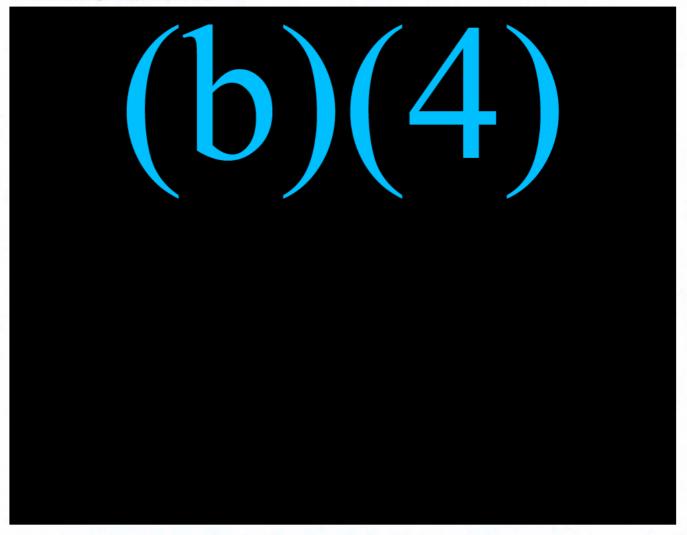
Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

 Location
 County
 State

 2147303606
 Cass
 ND

 2147303607
 Cass
 ND

Cass County/ND (2147303606)





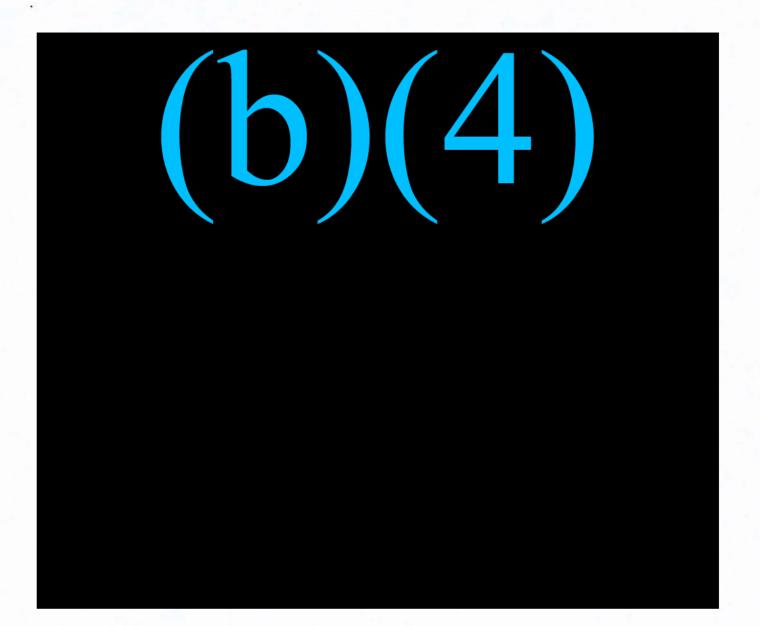
Cass County/ND (2147303607)



USDA# 00-059-02n

Page 2 of 3

Monsanto #2000-181XRAB



CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential in the Field Test Report consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943#44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289#291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below*.

^{*} In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 is such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Field Monitoring Data as CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, an observation concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-059-02n Monsanto #2000-181XRAB

October 31, 2002

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

 Location
 County
 State

 2147303606
 Cass
 ND

 2147303607
 Cass
 ND

Cass County/ND (2147303606)

Planting Date: 05/08/2000

Harvest Date: 08/14/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Planting Date: 05/09/2000

Harvest Date: 08/18/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Cass County/ND (2147303607)

Planting Date: 05/09/2000

Harvest Date: 08/14/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

Bp number: 00-059-07n

App number: 2000-188XRAB Begin movement: 3/25/00 Received: 2/28/00 End movement: 3/24/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 3/25/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 3/24/01 Status: Pending Acre: 20.00 Effective date: 3/29/00 CBI status: CBI Phenotype: HT - Glyphosate tolerant Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip:Chesterfield, MO Telephone: 636-737-6032 Fax: 636-737-7085 _____ Initial Date [V] Assign Bp number and initial data entry Review by biotechnologist

3.	3. [V Letter of notification to State Fed-ex						[KLIO]		[3/7/00]*	
4.	[] State re	sponse								
50		O/d Loc	s S	ite Reg	1/				- 77	
	Interstate	*Dest*ID	*	*WR	*	[]	[1	
	Interstate	*Dest*KS	*	*SCR	*	1	1	Ī.	j	
	Interstate	*Orig*ID	*	*WR	*			4743	-	
	Interstate	*Orig*KS	*	*SCR	*					
	Release	* *ID	*	4*WR	*	[]	[]	
5.	[V] Enter g	Cogo 1	1	[3/6/	2000					
6.	Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw					1 KLC)]	[3/27/00]*		
7.	[Enter f	[Enter final data into database						13/28/001		



Monsanto Company
700 Chesterfield Parkway North
St. Louis, Missouri 63198
Phone (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-07n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-188XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@ monsanto.com

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 25, 2000

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [

(b)(4)

CBI

(b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 --(b)(4)

(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

(b)(4)

(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 --

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Promoter: MP4 --

(h)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

(b)(4)

Terminator: M1 -- [

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

-	B 0 I -	-8	T	£	A!
	MODE	OT	Trans	torma	TION

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 3600 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

ID, KS

DESTINATION:

ID, KS

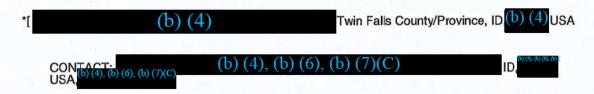
Ship From:

ID

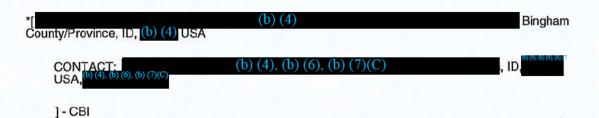
*[(b) (4) Cassia County/Province, ID, USA

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) , ID, 83301, USA, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

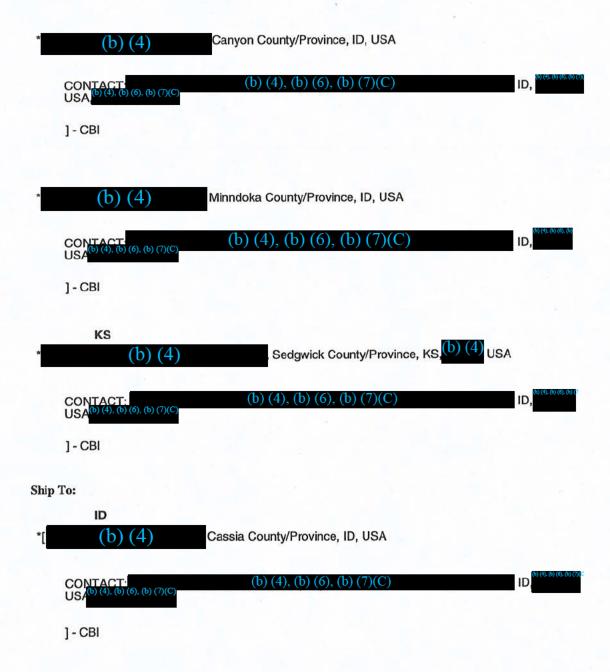


] - CBI

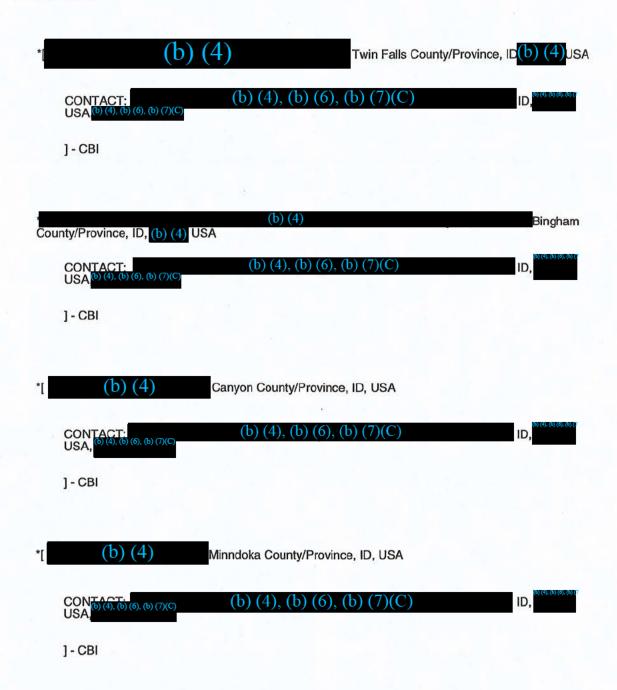


Page 4 of 10

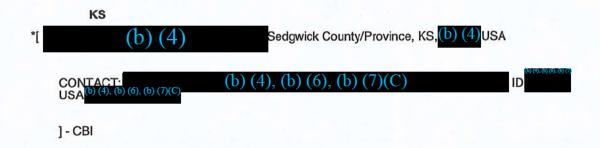
Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB



2000-188XRAB Release Site: **NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:** ID (4) ID (b) Cassia County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres. RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) _{ID,} (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) _{USA}(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)] - CBI Bingham County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres. RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (D, (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) USA, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)] - CBI Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres. RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: 5) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (D) (0 (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) USA,] - CBI Canyon County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres.

Page 8 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

CONFIDENTIAL

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (D, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



CONFIDENTIAL

Monsanto Company
700 Chesterfield Parkway North
St. Louis, Missouri 63198
Phone (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company February 24, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto. Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., <u>Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services</u>, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. <u>Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration</u>, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); <u>Worthington Compressors</u>, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. <u>Greenberg v. FDA</u>, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto. Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.





MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-07n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-188XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX 636/737-7085

EMail

b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 25, 2000

MARCH 24, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens Interstate Movement and Release

Monsanto Reference ID

7. Mode of Transformation

2000-188XRAB

8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release
Ship up to 3600	pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:
ID, KS	ID, KS
Ship From:	
ID	
] *Cassia County/Province, ID, USA
[OBI Deleted	J Cassia County/Flovince, ib, OSA
[CBI Deleted] *Twin Falls County/Province, ID, USA

CBI Deleted] -- *Bingham County/Province, ID, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

```
[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Canyon County/Province, ID, USA
[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA
          KS
[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA
Ship To:
          ID
[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Cassia County/Province, ID, USA
```

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Twin Falls County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Bingham County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Canyon County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

Rel	ease Site:	
NUI	MBER OF STAT	ES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:
	ID (4)	
	ID	
[CBI Deleted] Cassia County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
[CBI Deleted] Bingham County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
]	CBI Deleted] Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
	ODI Deleted	1. Comuse County/Drovings ID LICA E serve
I	CRI Deleted] Canyon County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB





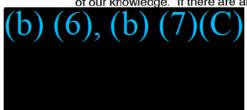
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company February 24, 2000



MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

February 24, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-059-07n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-188XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 25, 2000

Phone FAX

EMail

MARCH 24, 2001

b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

636/737-7085

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Page 1 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-188XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation	on
---------------------------	----

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 3600 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

ID, KS

DESTINATION:

ID, KS

Ship From:

ID

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cassia County/Province, ID, USA

CBI Deleted] -- *Twin Falls County/Province, ID, USA

CBI Deleted] -- *Bingham County/Province, ID, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Canyon County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

Ship To:

ID

[CBI Deleted] -- *Cassia County/Province, ID, USA

Page 5 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *Twin Falls County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Bingham County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Canyon County/Province, ID, USA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

KS

[CBI Deleted] -- *Sedgwick County/Province, KS, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

Rel	ease Site:	
NU	MBER OF STAT	ES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:
	ID (4)	
	ID.	
	ID ODI Dalatad	1. Consis County/Dravines ID UCA 5 sees
[CBI Deleted] Cassia County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
[CBI Deleted] Bingham County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
ı	OBI Dolotou	1 Billigham Godiny/ Tovince, 15, Go/t, G dolos
]	CBI Deleted] Minndoka County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres
[CBI Deleted] Canyon County/Province, ID, USA, 5 acres

Page 8 of 10

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-188XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company February 24, 2000

March 6, 2000

Dr. Rogelio R. Vega Division of Plant Industries Idaho Department of Agriculture 2270 Old Penitentiary Road Boise, ID 83712

Dear Dr. Vega:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-07n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-059-07n Received: February 28, 2000 Applicant #: 2000-188XRAB Effective: March 29, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: ID KS Release destination: ID

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE R	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	d offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rpt1oc01/R4

March 6, 2000

Mr. Tom Sim IV, Administrator Plant Protection and Weed Control Section Kansas State Board of Agriculture 901 S. Kansas Avenue Topeka, KS 66612-1281

Dear Mr. Sim IV:

Enclosed is notification 00-059-07n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-059-07n Received: February 28, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: ID KS Release destination: ID

Applicant #: 2000-188XRAB Effective: March 29, 2000

Recipient: Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

	STATE RESPONSE TO 1	OTIFICATION
0	_State concurs with APHIS determination	on.
	State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the	following reasons:
Name of	f State official:	
Signatu	ure:	
Date:_		
State:		Rptloc01/R4

March 27, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 29, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-07n (2000-188XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Idaho, Kansas

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- R. Vega, Idaho Dept. of Agric., Boise, ID
- T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-059-07n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Mar-27-00 06:05pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2:

: 457 Job number

: Mar-27 06:01pm Date

: 916367377085 To

Document Pages : 01

: Mar-27 06:02pm Start time

: Mar-27 06:05pm End time

Pages sent : 01

Job number : 457 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***

United States Department of Agriculture

Ammai and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

March 27, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

 $_{\text{Dear}}$ (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after March 29, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-059-07n (2000-188XRAB) Regulated article - wheat Destinations - Idaho, Kansas

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

(b) (6),

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

R. Vega, Idaho Dept. of Agric., Bolse, ID T. Sim, Kansas State Board of Agric., Topeka, KS R. Stoaks, PPO, WR. Sacramento. CA D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

APPRIS - Protecting American Ag

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-059-07n **Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB**

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

June 8, 2000 **Monsanto Company**

Location **Monsanto Company Monsanto Company Monsanto Company** Monsanto Company County State Cassia ID Bingham ID Minndoka ID (NOT PLANTED)

ID

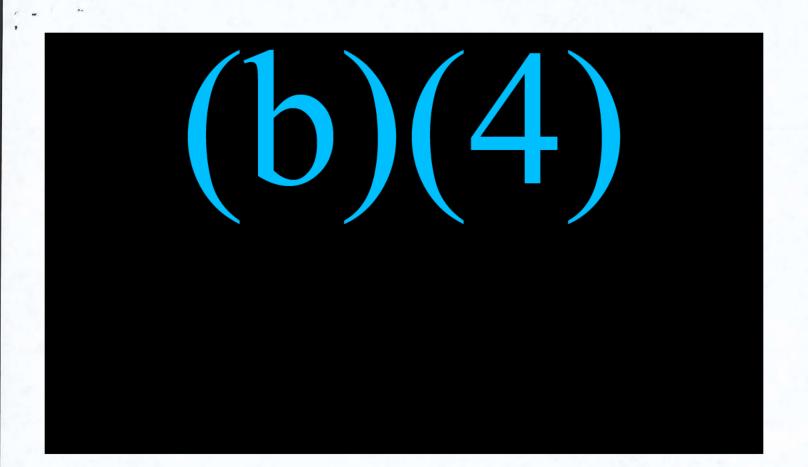
(NOT PLANTED)

Cassia County, ID



Canyon

Bingham County, ID



July 25, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker;

The following wheat sites for release have been canceled.

USDA# 00-040-09n, Monsanto # 2000-97XRAB

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Heppner Morrow County, OR

Lincoln County, OR

USDA # 00-059-03n. Monsanto # 2000-182XRAB (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(0

Thompson County, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) ND

b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) [rail County ND

USDA # 00-054-06n, Monsanto # 2000-170XRAB (b) (4)

(b) (4) Cass County ND

USDA # 00-054-09n, Monsanto # 2000-174XRAB (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C

b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)Galletin County, MT

USDA # 00-059-07n, Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB

Monsanto Company

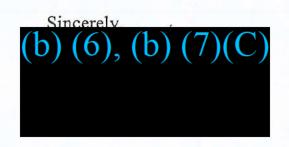
Monsanto Company

Rupert, Minndoka County, ID

Nampa, Canyon County ID

If you need further information, please contact me at (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)





MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

- cc J. Griesbach, Oregon Dept. of Agriculture, Salem, OR
 - D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agriculture, Bismarck, ND
 - E. Gingerly, Montana Dept. of Agriculture, Helena, MT
 - F. Vega, Idaho Dept. of Agriculture, Boise, ID
 - R. Stoaks, USDA, APHIS, Sacramento, CA

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report

USDA # 00-059-07n

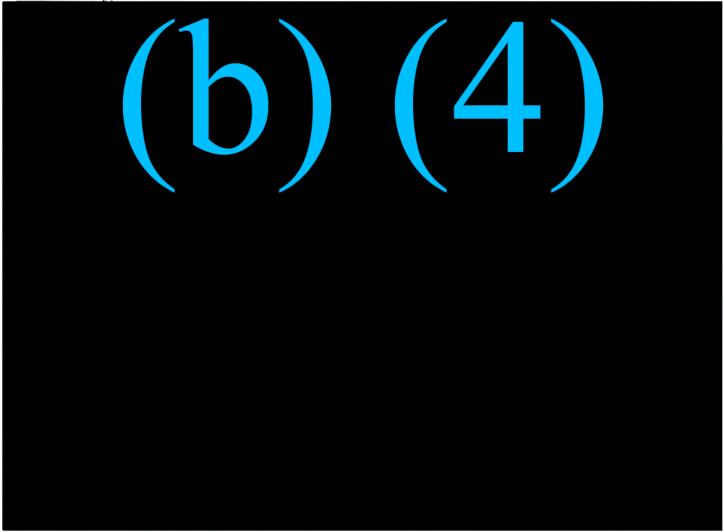
Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

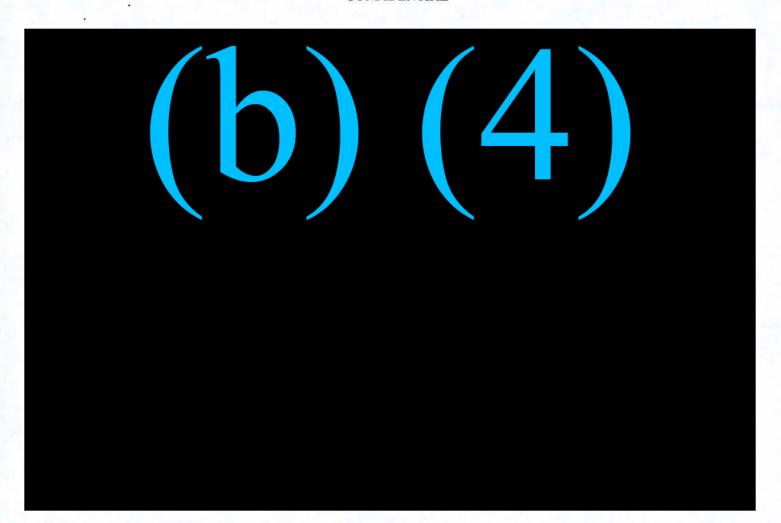
Location	County	State	
Site 1	Cassia	ID	
Site 2	Bingham	ID	
Site 3	Minndoka	ID	(NOT PLANTED)
Site 4	Canyon	ID	(NOT PLANTED)

Cassia County, ID - Site 1



Bingham County, ID - Site 2

(b) (4)



CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug. Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

FIELD MONITORING DATA AS CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, observations concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-059-07n Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location	County	State	
Site 1	Cassia	ID	
Site 2	Bingham	ID	
Site 3	Minndoka	ID	(NOT PLANTED)
Site 4	Canyon	ID	(NOT PLANTED)

Cassia County, ID – Site 1 Planting Date: April 7, 2000

Destruct/Harvest Date: July 27, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Purpose of trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness, and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

General Results of Field Trial: [CBI deleted]

Bingham County, ID – Site 2 Planting Date: April 11, 2000 Destruct Date: July 28, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT12 line 33512

Purpose of trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

General Results of Field Trial: [CBI deleted]

USDA # 00-059-07n OR1200 \$81 BR 005953 Monsanto # 2000-188XRAB

Bp number: 00-062-03n

2000-164XRAB Begin movement: 3/31/00 App number: 3/02/00 End movement: 3/31/01 Received: 3/31/00 Begin release: Institution: Monsanto 3/31/01 Recipient: End release: Wheat 20.00 Status: Pending Acre: CBI Effective date: 4/01/00 CBI status: HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address2: Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield. MO (b) (6), (b) (7)(C 636-737-7085 Telephone: Fax: ======== Initial [V] Assign Bp number and initial data entry 1. · AMKI* 13/6/2000 [] Review by biotechnologist [3/7/00]* Letter of notification to State Ped - ex 3. [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*MN *NER * Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Dest*ND *SCR * [Interstate *Dest*WA *WR Interstate *Orig*MN *NER * *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MO Interstate *Orig*ND *SCR * Interstate *Orig*WA *WR Release *MN 1*NER * Release *ND 1*SCR * Release *WA 1*WR 5. Enter genes into database Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw 6. 7. Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

March 01, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-062-03n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-164XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{@ monsanto.com}

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 31, 2000 - March 31, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

HT

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33463, 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 --

(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

(b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- [(b)(4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4--1 (b)(4) (b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b)(4) (b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 15,000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

MN, MO, ND, WA

DESTINATION:

MN, MO, ND, WA

Ship From:

MN

] - CBI

MO

*[(b)(4) , St. Louis County/Province, MC(b)(4) U.S.A.

CONTACT: MO, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

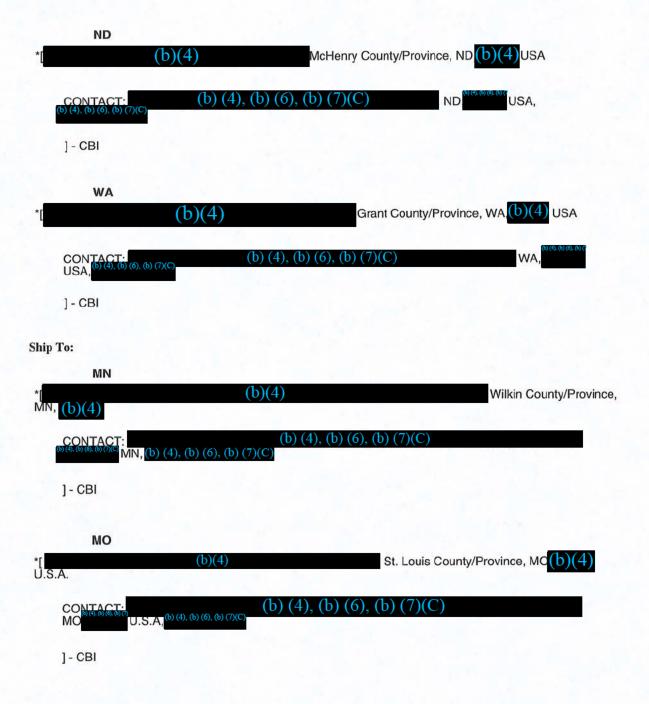
*[(b)(4) St. Louis, St. Louis County/Province, MO(b)(4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MO (9,0,0,0)

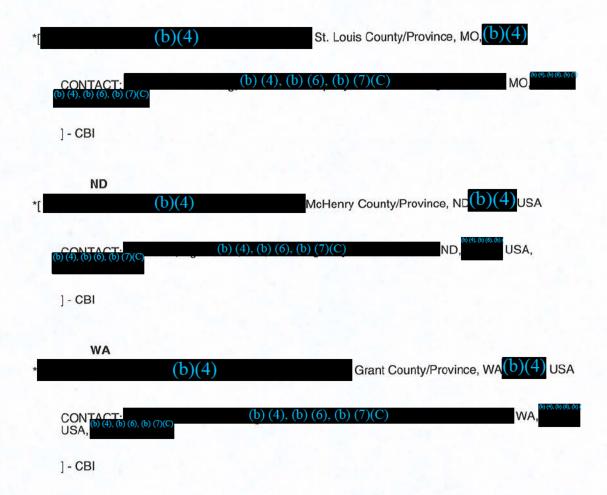
] - CBI

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB



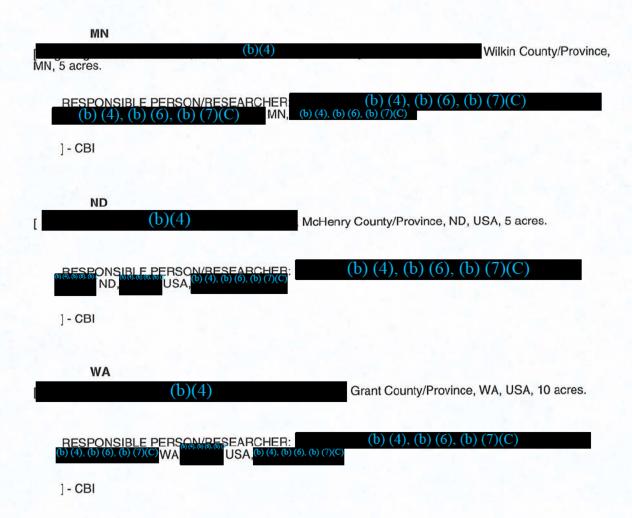
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MN (1), ND (1), WA (1)





MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company March 01, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto. Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

March 01, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-062-03n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-164XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 31, 2000 - March 31, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33463

33463, 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 15,000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

MN, MO, ND, WA

MN, MO, ND, WA

Ship From:

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Wilkin County/Province, MN

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *McHenry County/Province, ND, USA

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Grant County/Province, WA, USA

Ship To:

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Wilkin County/Province, MN

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *McHenry County/Province, ND, USA

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Grant County/Province, WA, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MN (1), ND (1), WA (1)

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- Wilkin County/Province, MN, 5 acres

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- McHenry County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- Grant County/Province, WA, USA, 10 acres





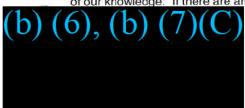
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company March 01, 2000



MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-062-03n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-164XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

b) (6), (b) (7)((

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

FAX

EMail

March 01, 2000

b) (6), (b) (7)(0 Phone

> 636/737-7085 b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{@monsanto.com}

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

March 31, 2000 - March 31, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33463, 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-164XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 15,000 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

MN, MO, ND, WA

DESTINATION:

MN, MO, ND, WA

Ship From:

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Wilkin County/Province, MN

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *McHenry County/Province, ND, USA

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Grant County/Province, WA, USA

Ship To:

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Wilkin County/Province, MN

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Page 5 of 8

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- *McHenry County/Province, ND, USA

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- *Grant County/Province, WA, USA

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MN (1), ND (1), WA (1)

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- Wilkin County/Province, MN, 5 acres

ND

[CBI Deleted] -- McHenry County/Province, ND, USA, 5 acres

WA

[CBI Deleted] -- Grant County/Province, WA, USA, 10 acres

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-164XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company March 01, 2000 Dr. Mary J. Hanks, Biotechnologist Plant Industry Division Minnesota Department of Agriculture 90 West Plato Boulevard St. Paul, MN 55107

March 6, 2000

Dear Dr. Hanks:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB Bp number 00-062-03n March 2, 2000 Effective: April 1, 2000 Received: Institution: Monsanto Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

STATE	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS	determination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR an	nd offers the following reasons:	
Name of State official:		
Signature:		
Date:		
State:	Rptloc01/R4	

Mr. Michael Brown
Plant Industries Division
Missouri Department of Agriculture
1616 Missouri Boulevard
Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-062-03n Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB Received: March 2, 2000 Effective: April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STA	ATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with AP	PHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020 March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-062-03n A Received: March 2, 2000 E

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB Effective: April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR an	d offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	<u> </u>
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Thomas L. Wessels, Plant Services Program Manager Laboratory Services Division Washington Department of Agriculture 1111 Washington Street Olympia, WA 98504-2560

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Wessels:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-062-03n

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB

Received:

March 2, 2000

Effective: April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA Release destination:

MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with	h APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CON	NCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State.	Pntloc01/P4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdals, MD 20737

Dr. Mary J. Hanks, Biotechnologist Plant Industry Division Minnesota Department of Agriculture 90 West Plato Boulevard St. Paul, MN 55107

March 6, 2000

Dear Dr. Hanks:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-062-03n

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB

Received:

March 2, 2000

Effective: April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA

Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

STATE RE	ESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	offers the following reasons:
Name of State official: Mary	J. Hanks
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (/)(C	
Date: 4-400	
State: MN	Rptloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737 .

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-062-03n

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB

Received:

March 2, 2000

Effective:

April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA

Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPON	SE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS deter	mination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offe	
Name of State official: Michael	E. Bow
(b) (6), (b) (7))(C)
Date: 3-14,00	
State: MO	Rptloc01/R4

MAR 1 4 2000



149 - Protecting American Agriculture

OR120018_BR_0005988niv Employe



Animal and Plant Health Inapaction Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737 .

Mr. David R. Nelson, State Entomologist North Dakota Department of Agriculture 600 East Boulevard, 6th Floor Bismarck, ND 58505-0020

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Nelson:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-062-03n

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB

Received:

March 2, 2000

Effective: April 1, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA

Release destination: MN ND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS determination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	
Name of State official: Artic R NETS :	
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	
ate: 3-7-20-0	
tate: // O Rptloc01/R4	

MAR 1 0 2000



OR120018 BR 005989



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

3609022094

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Thomas L. Wessels, Plant Services Program Manager Laboratory Services Division Washington Department of Agriculture 1111 Washington Street Olympia, WA 98504-2560

March 6, 2000

Dear Mr. Wessels:

Enclosed is notification 00-062-03n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received: 00-062-p3n

Applicant #: 2000-164XRAB

March 2, 2000 Institution: Monsanto

Effective:

April 1, 2000

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MN MO ND WA Release destination:

MIN IND WA

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

B. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, \$acramento, CA

/	
	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs	with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT	CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State officia	1: Thomas 1 1/4351/5
	6), (b) (7)(C)
Date: 3/8/00	
State: WA	Rptloc01/R4

2000 . MAR

April 4, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 4, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-062-03n (2000-164XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Washington

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- M. Hanks, Minnesota Dept. of Agric., St. Paul, MN
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck, ND
- T. Wessels, Washington Dept. of Agric., Olympia, WA

- S. Wood, PPQ, NER, Raleigh, NC
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA

File number 00-062-03n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Apr-17-00 03:40pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

Job number

: 001

Date

: Apr-17 03:37pm

To

: 916367377085

Document Pages

: 01

Start time

: Apr-17 03:39pm

End time

: Apr-17 03:40pm

Pages sent

: 01

Job number

: 001

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

April 4, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear Ms. Hunter:

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 4, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-062-03n (2000-164XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Minnesota, Missouri, North Dakota, Washington

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers. (Biotechnology).

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

CC:
M. Hanks, Minnesota Dept. of Agric., St. Paul. MN
M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City. M
D. Nelson, North Dakota Dept. of Agric., Bismarck. ND
T. Wessels. Washington Dept. of Agric., Olympia, WA
S. Wood, PPQ, NER, Raleigh, NC
D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City. MO
R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA



An Equal Opposituation Errors

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-062-03n Monsanto # 2000-164XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team July 26, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site 1 Site 2 Site 3 County State
Grant WA
McHenry ND
Wilkin MN

Site 1



Site 1





Site 2



Site 2





Site 3



CBI-DELETED

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-062-03n Monsanto # 2000-164XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team July 26, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site 1 Site 2 Site 3 County State
Grant WA
McHenry ND
Wilkin MN

Site 1

Planting Date: April 20, 2000 Destruct Date: August 16-17, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

plants.] - CBI

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Site 1

Planting Date: April 20, 2000 Harvest Date: August 16-17, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10 line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI deleted]

Site 2

Planting Date: April 21, 2000 Harvest Date: August 10, 2000

CBI-DELETED

Destruct Date: August 11, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512, line 33463.

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot area after Harvest: [CBI deleted]

Site 2

Planting Date: April 28, 2000 Harvest Date: August 10, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, lines 33391,33463; PV-TXGT12, line 33512.

Purpose of trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI deleted]

Site 3

Planting Date: May 4, 2000 Harvest Date: August 25, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Purpose of trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [All harvested seed was shipped to Monsanto -St. Louis.] - CBI

Additional Comments: [CBI deleted]

2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-062-03n Monsanto #2000-164XRAB

AMENDED December 17, 2002

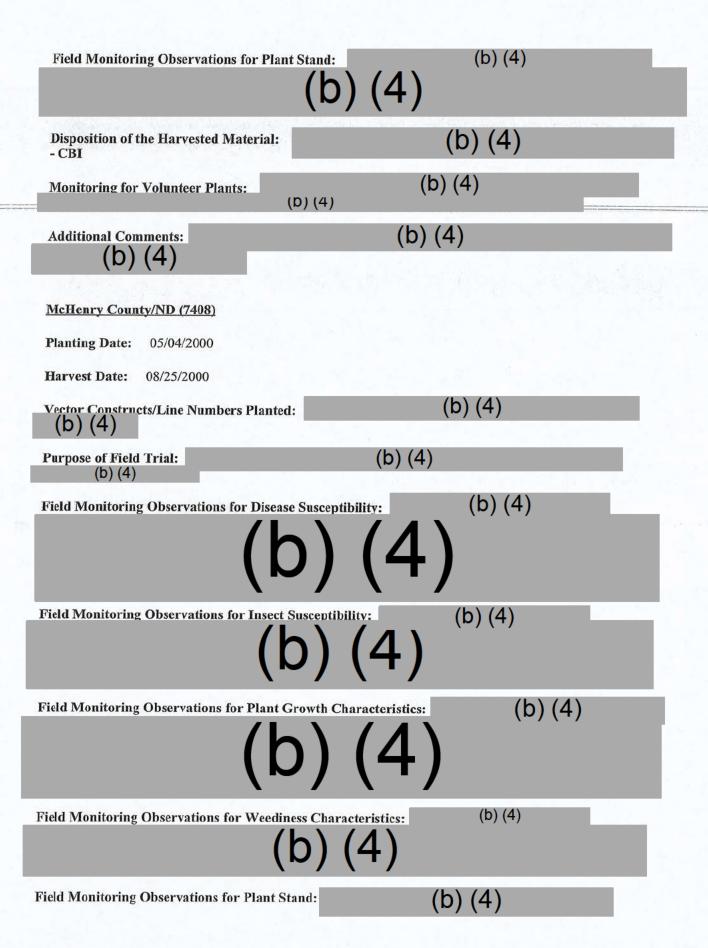
Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

State

7958	Wilkin	MN		
7408	McHenry	ND		
519	Grant	WA		
Wilkin County	/MN (7958)			
Planting Date:	04/28/2000			
Harvest Date:	08/10/2000			
Vector Constru (b) (4) - CBI	cts/Line Numbers Planted:	(b)) (4)	
Purpose of Field (b) (4)	l Trial:	(b) (4	!)	
Field Monitorin	g Observations for Disease Su	o) (4)	(b) (4)	ы
Field Monitoring	g Observations for Insect Susc	o) (4)	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring	g Observations for Plant Grow (b	th Characteristics:	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring	g Observations for Weediness (Characteristics: (4)	(b) (4)	

Location

County



(b) (4	
Disposition of the Harvested Material: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area aft (b) (4)	ter Harvesting: (b) (4)
Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Additional Comments: (b) (4)	o) (4)
Grant County/WA (519)	
Planting Date: 04/20/2000	
Harvest Date: 08/16/2000	
Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted:	(b) (4)
Purpose of Field Trial: (b) (4)	La la see la company
Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characterist (b) (4)	ics: (b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: (b) (4)	(b) (4)

Disposition of the Harvested Material: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area (b) (4)	a after Harvesting: (b) (4)
Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Additional Comments: (b) (4)	
Planting Date: 04/21/2000	
Harvest Date: 08/10/2000	
Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: (b) (4)	(b) (4)
Purpose of Field Trial: (b) (4	1)
Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility:	(b) (4)
(b) (4	
Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: (b) (4) (b) (4)
Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Character (b) (4)	
Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characterist (b) (4	
Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand:	(b) (4)
(b) (4)	
Disposition of the Harvested Material: (b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area a (b) (4)	after Harvesting: (b) (4)
Monitoring for Volunteer Plants:	(b) (4)

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential in the Field Test Report consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943#44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289#291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below*.

^{*} In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 is such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Field Monitoring Data as CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, an observation concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

CBI-DELETED

2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-062-03n Monsanto #2000-164XRAB

AMENDED December 17, 2002

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location	County	State
7958	Wilkin	MN
7408	McHenry	ND
519	Grant	WA

Wilkin County/MN (7958)

Planting Date: 04/28/2000

Harvest Date: 08/10/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

McHenry County/ND (7408)

Planting Date: 05/04/2000

Harvest Date: 08/25/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

Grant County/WA (519)

Planting Date: 04/20/2000

Harvest Date: 08/16/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

Planting Date: 04/21/2000

Harvest Date: 08/10/2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

Notification Tracking Sheet

Bp number: 00-067-08n

App number: 2000-238XRAB Begin movement: 4/05/00 Received: 3/07/00 End movement: 4/05/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 4/05/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 4/05/01 Status: Pending Acre: Effective date: 4/06/00 CBI status: CBI Phenotype: HT - Glyphosate tolerant Comments: Resp person: Parsed name:

Address1:

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway N.

Address2: Address3: Address4:

City/State/Zip:Chesterfield MO 63198 Telephone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Telephone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Fax: 636-737-7085

	,	Initial	Date
1.	[Assign Bp number and initial data entry	i and i	13/8/2000
2.	[1] Review by biotechnologist	[AMK]*	[3/9/2014
3.	M Letter of notification to State Fed -CX	1 K LW 1	13/9/001*
4.	[] State response		
	O/d Loc Site Reg		
	Interstate *Dest*MO * *SCR *	[•]	[]
	Interstate *Dest*MT * *WR *	[]	[j
	Interstate *Orig*MO * *SCR *		_
	Interstate *Orig*MT * *WR *		
	Release * *MT * *WR *	[]	[]
5.	[V] Enter genes into database	[aya)]	0006/9/81
6.	[V] Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw	[KAO]	[3/27/00]*
7.	[i] Enter final data into database	[KZN]	13/28/001



Monsanto Company 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000

March 06, 2000

http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-067-08n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-238XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone FAX

636/737-7085 b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

EMail

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Monsanto Company

Interstate Movement and Release

April 05, 2000 - April 05, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite, McNeal MT9433, MT9653, or MTHW9701

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line: 3

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/l2 = (b)(4) (b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

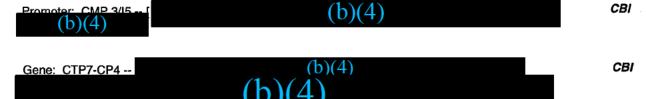
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

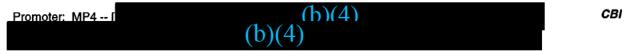
Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

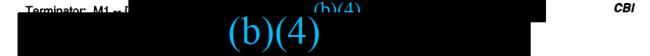


Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.



Monsanto Reference ID

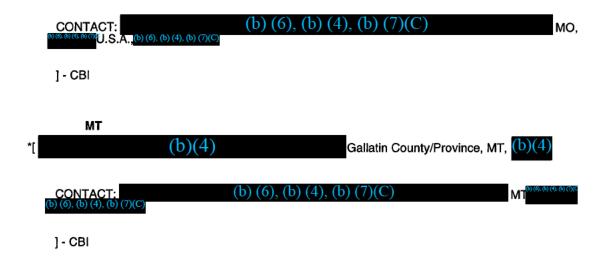
2000-238XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens			
8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release		
Ship up to 40 pounds of wheat s	eed to and from each location.		
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:		
MO, MT	MO, MT		
Ship From:			
MO			
* (b U.S.A.	St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b)(4)		
CONTACT: (0.00.00.007) U.S.A., (0.00, 0.4), (0.7)	(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)		
] - CBI			
MT			
*[(b)(4	Gallatin County/Province, MT, (b)(4)		
CONTACT: (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)	(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)		
] - CBI			
Ship To:			
MO			

St. Louis County/Province, MO,(b)(4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB



Page 5 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (1)

MT

(b)(4)

Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 1 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:
(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

MT (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
St. Louis, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company March 06, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically,

Monsanto ID: 2000-238XRAB

information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Monsanto ID: 2000-238XRAB

be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto.

Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.



Monsanto Company

700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

March 06, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-067-08n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-238XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

700 Chesterneid Farkway Norti

St. Louis MO 63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)₂ monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

April 05, 2000 - April 05, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

HT

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite, McNeal MT9433, MT9653, or MTHW9701

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBl Deleted] CBl

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation	Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens			
8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release			
Ship up to 40 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.				
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:			
MO, MT	MO, MT			
Ship From:				
MO				
[CBI Deleted] *St. Louis C	ounty/Province, MO, U.S.A.			
MT				
[CBl Deleted] *Gallatin Co	ounty/Province, MT			
,	-			
Ship To:				

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MO

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (1)

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 1 acres

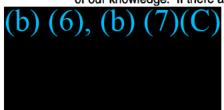


MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH
8t. Louis, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company March 06, 2000



Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

March 06, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-067-08n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-238XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

April 05, 2000 - April 05, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

ΗТ

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite, McNeal MT9433, MT9653, or MTHW9701

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -

(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 --(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Page 2 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 --(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 --

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 --

(h)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: M1 -

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 40 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

MO, MT

MO, MT

Ship From:

MO

*[(b)(4) St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b)(4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MO, (c) (J.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

]-CBI

ΜT

Gallatin County/Province, MT, (b)(4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MT, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

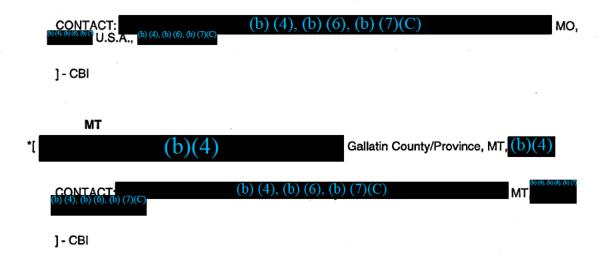
Ship To:

MO

*[(b)(4) St. Louis County/Province, MO,(b)(4) U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (1)

MT

(b)(4)

Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 1 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North St. Louis, Missouri 63i98 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best any legal of there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company March 06, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description (referred to as vector components) category includes the names and information about genes and their expressed traits, promoters and terminators (stop signal).

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., <u>Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy</u>, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. <u>Timken v. U.S. Customs Service</u>, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically,

Monsanto ID: 2000-238XRAB

information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a

company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., <u>Teich v. Food & Drug Administration</u>, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.¹

Gene Description

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of agricultural biotechnology since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the various research facilities.

The uniqueness of this product lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait and the terminator. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include, but are not limited to companies such: Novartis, Agrevo, Xeneca and DuPont.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Monsanto ID: 2000-238XRAB

be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

Names And Information About Genes, Promoters, Terminators And Expressed Traits

The release of information about the genes, promoters and terminators in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for some of the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

Identity and Characteristics of Donor Organisms

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been incorporated in the description for each of the components of the vector for the product subject to this justification have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identity of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Identification Of Physical Site And Release Location

The identity of the physical site and release locations have been claimed confidential by Monsanto.

Disclosure of this information would reveal precise shipping locations and field testing facilities to environmental activists. The destruction of this valuable technology could substantially put at risk the safety of Monsanto's cooperators and jeopardize the expense and time intensive effort by Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

Monsanto Company 700 CHESTERFIELD PARKWAY NORTH St. Louis, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

March 06, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-067-08n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-238XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(0

FAX

636/737-7085 (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com EMail

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

April 05, 2000 - April 05, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Bobwhite, McNeal MT9433, MT9653, or MTHW9701

Page 1 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CP4), and the C-terminal from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvvishikimate 3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Page 2 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-238XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]



Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyity/shikimate-3-prosphate-synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release			
Ship up to 40 pounds of wheat seed to and from each location.				
ORIGIN: MO, MT	DESTINATION: MO, MT			
IVIO, IVII	IVIO, IVII			
Ship From:				
МО				
[CBI Deleted] *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.			
MT				
[CBI Deleted] *Gallatin County/Province, MT			
 •				
Ship To:				
MO MO				
[CBl Deleted] *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.			

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

MT (1)

MT

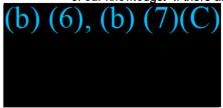
[CBI Deleted] -- Gallitin County/Province, MT, USA, 1 acres

Monsanto Company
700 Chesterfield Parkway North
'\$t. Louis, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-238XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company March 06, 2000 Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 8, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-067-08n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-067-08n

Applicant #: 2000-238XRAB

Received:

March 7, 2000

Effective:

April 6, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO MT

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO N	OTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination	on.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the	following reasons:
Name of State official:	9
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

March 8, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-067-08n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-067-08n

Applicant #: 2000-238XRAB

Received:

March 7, 2000

Effective:

April 6, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO MT

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

•	
STAT	E RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APH	IIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture. 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

March 8, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-067-08n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-067-08n

Applicant #: 2000-238XRAB

Received:

March 7, 2000

Effective:

April 6, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: MO MT

Release destination:

MT

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official: Michael 5 Bour
$_{\text{Signature}} = (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)$
Date: 3-14-00
State: Rptloc01/R4

MAR 14



An Equal Opportunity Employer OR120018_BR_006051



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737



Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

March 8, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-067-08n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received:

00-067-08n

March 7, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: MO MT

Release destination:

Applicant #: 2000-238XRAB Effective:

April 6, 2000

Recipient:

Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESPON	SE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS deter	mination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offe	rs the following reasons:
Name of State official. LON M. Wi	
signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Date: 3 10 00	
State: Montana	Rptloc01/R4



(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 6, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-067-08n (2000-238XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Diamie Recomaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc:

- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA

File number 00-067-08n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

: Mar-27-00 05:52pm Time

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

Job number

: 446

Date

: Mar-27 05:51pm

Τo

: 916367377085

Document Pages

: 01

Start time

: Mar-27 05:52pm

End time

: Mar-27 05:52pm

Pages sent

: 01

Job number : 446

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



4700 River Fload Riverdale, MD 20737

March 27, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

700 Chasterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b)(6),(b)(7)(C)

our notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after April 6, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-067-08n (2000-238KRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

(b)

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Blotechnology Program Operations Scientific Services Plant Protection and Quaranting

ce:

M. Srown, Missourl Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City. MO G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT D. DeWeese, PPO, SCR, Jefferson City, MO R. Stoaks, PPO, WR, Sacramento, CA

An Equal Coperation Em

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-067-08n Monsanto # 2000-238XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location Site 1		County Gallatin	State MT	
Gallatin County, MT Planting Date: May Harvest Date: Augu Vector Constructs/L		2000 GT10, line 33391;	PV-TXGT12, line 3351	2
Purpose of Trial:	(b) (4)	(b) (4)		
Field Monitoring Ob	servations for Disease Suscepti (b)	bility: (4)	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring Ob	servations for Insect Susceptible (b)	(4	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring Ob	servations for Plant Growth, W	eediness and Pla	nt Stand Characteristi	(b) (4)
	(b)	(4		
Disposition of the Ha	rvested Material (D) (4		0) (4)	
	(~) ('	/		

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-067-08n Monsanto # 2000-238XRAB

December 7, 2001

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location Site 1

County

State

Gallatin

MT

Gallatin County, MT

Planting Date: May 4, 2000

Harvest Date: August 18, 2000 through August 22, 2000

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI

deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug. Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below.

¹ In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

FIELD MONITORING DATA AS CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, observations concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as **[CBI]** and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled **[CBI-Deleted]** and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

Notification Tracking Sheet

Bp number: 00-195-04n

App number: 2000-518XRAB Begin movement: 8/11/00 7/13/00 Received: End movement: 8/11/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 8/11/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 8/11/01 Status: Pending Acre: 14.00 Effective date: 8/12/00 CBI status: CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield, MO 63198 (b) (6), (b)(7)(C)Telephone: Fax: 636-737-7085 -----Initial 1. [Assign Bp number and initial data entry [Review by biotechnologist [V Letter of notification to State Fed - ex [] State response Site Reg 0/d Loc Interstate *Dest*AZ *WR Interstate *Dest*HI *WR Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Dest*MT *WR Interstate *Orig*AZ *WR Interstate *Orig*HI *WR Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MT *WR Release 1*WR *AZ Release *HI 1*WR 5. Enter genes into database 6. Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-04n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-518XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

FAX EMail 636/737-7085

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BZ991-408HW, BZ992-588, Express, Impervo, Brooks, West Bred 926, West Bred 936, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- I

(b) (4)

(cBI)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

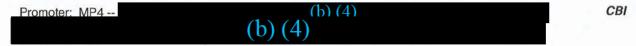
Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

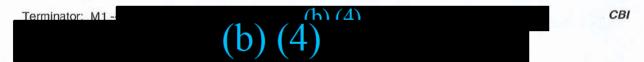


Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 8,000 kg. wheat seeds, seedlings and leaf tissue to and from each location.

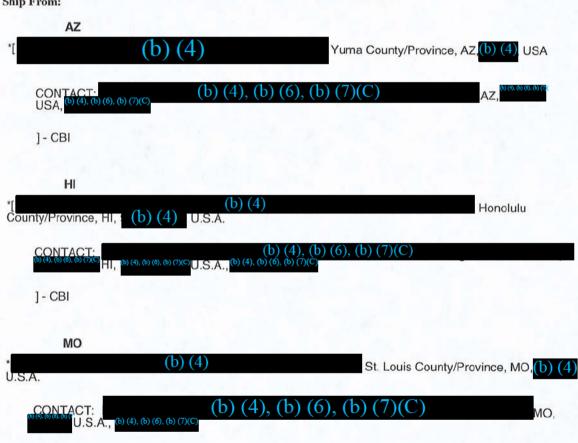
ORIGIN:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

DESTINATION:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

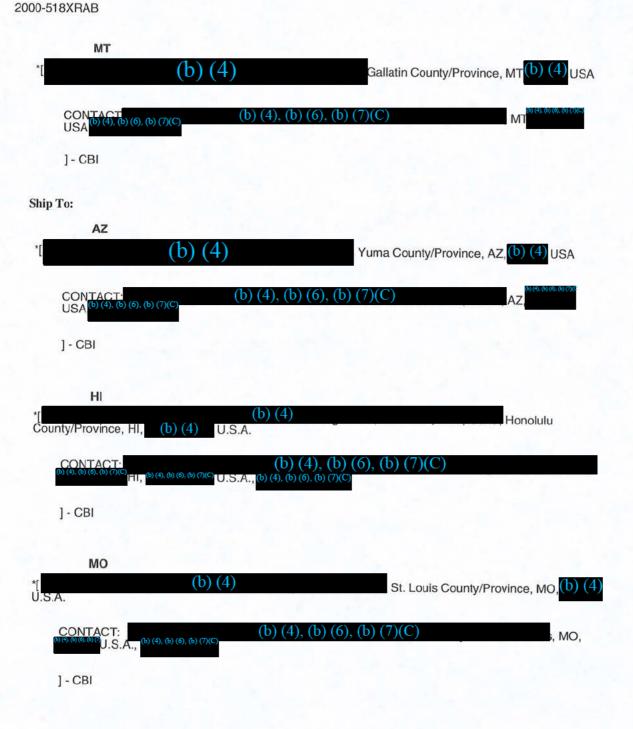
Ship From:



Page 4 of 8

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

MT

*[
(b) (4)

Gallatin County/Province, MT
(b) (4) USA

CONTACT:
USA
(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

MT,

1 - CBI

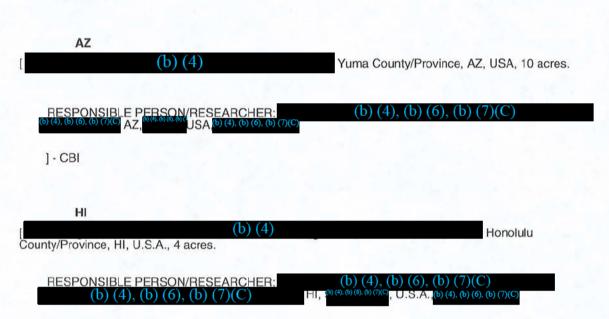
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

AZ (1), HI (1)



] - CBI



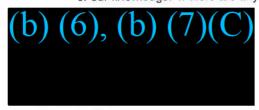
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (10th Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-518XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure. CBI Justification Notification 2000-518XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-518XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-04n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-518XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

b) (6), (b) (7)(C

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

@monsanto.com

FAX

636/737-7085 **EMail**

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BZ991-408HW, BZ992-588, Express, Impervo, Brooks, West Bred 926, West Bred 936, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

CBI Deleted] Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 8,000 kg. wheat seeds, seedlings and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

DESTINATION:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

Ship From:

AZ

[CBI Deleted] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT, USA

Ship To:

AZ

[CBI Deleted] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA

HI
[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO
[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT, USA

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

AZ (1), HI (1)

AZ

[CBI Deleted] -- Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA, 10 acres

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 4 acres



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company July 12, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-04n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-518XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

FAX EMail

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BZ991-408HW, BZ992-588, Express, Impervo, Brooks, West Bred 926, West Bred 936, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

TVOT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-518XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 8,000 kg. wheat seeds, seedlings and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

DESTINATION:

AZ, HI, MO, MT

Ship From:

ΑZ

[CBI Deleted] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA

HI

CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

```
MT

[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT, USA

Ship To:

AZ

[ CBI Deleted ] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA
```

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

AZ (1), HI (1)

AZ

[CBI Deleted] -- Yuma County/Province, AZ, USA, 10 acres

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 4 acres

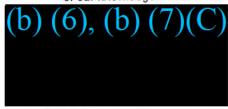


MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-518XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000 Dr. Scott Sobey, Associate Director Arizona Department of Agriculture 1688 W. Adams Phoenix, AZ 85007

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Sobey:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE R	ESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eliqibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received: July 13, 2000 Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination: AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STAT	E RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APH	IS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Pptloc01/R4

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STA	ATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with AF	PHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	R and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

S	TATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with	APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONC	UR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rotloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Dr. Scott Sobby, Associate Director Arizona Department of Agriculture 1688 W. Adams Phoenix, AZ 85007

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Sobey:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective:

August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the affective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESPONSE TO NO	OTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination	a.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the	following reasons:
Name of State official. G. John Caravetta	
signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	
Date: 7/28/00	
State: Arizona /	Rptloc01/R4

APHS - Protecting American Agriculture

JUL 3 1 2000



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n July 13, 2000 Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB Effective: August 12, 2000

Received: Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

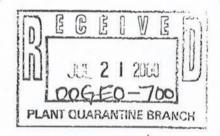
Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Dianne Hatmaker, Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine



Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE	RESPONSE	TO	NOTIFICATION
-------	----------	----	--------------

State concurs with APHIS determination. Please notify Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo St., Honolulu, HI 96813. State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:

Name of Stat

Carol

Signature:

Date: 30 August 2000

State:

Hawaii

	nittal memo 7671 # of pages ▶
To M. Jackson	From C. Okada
Co.	Co.
Dept.	Phone #
Fax #	Fax #



An Equal Opportunity Employer



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received:

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

July 13, 2000

Effective:

August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination:

AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Dianné Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

S'	TATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with	APHIS determination.
	UR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official.	Michael E Bown
Signature:_(b) (6),	(b) (7)(C)
Date: 1-24.00	
State: Mo	Rptloc01/R4

JUL 25 2000



HIS - Protecting American Agriculture



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-04n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-04n

Applicant #: 2000-518XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective:

August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO MT

Release destination: AZ HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION State concurs with APHIS determination. State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons: Witham

Rptloc01/R4

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-04n (2000-518XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Arizona, Hawaii, Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- 2. Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

b) Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants.

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada, within six months of completion or termination of the test.

4. The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- S. Soby, Arizona Dept. of Arizona, Phoenix, AZ
- M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-195-04n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Aug-31-00 03:23pm

Tel line 1 : Tel line 2 : Name :

Job number : 203

Date : Aug-31 03:21pm

To : 916367377085

Document Pages : 02

Start time : Aug-31 03:22pm

End time : Aug-31 03:23pm

Pages sent : 02

Job number : 203 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

August 31, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Your notification request has been arknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CPR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-04n (2000-518KRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Arizona, Hawaii, Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- 2. Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

APPEN - Protecting American Agrecation

An Equal Opporturety Employee



January 29, 2001

MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 FAX (636) 737-7085 http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker:

The responsible researcher at Hawaii Agriculture Research Center has changed for the following wheat notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #	Change
00-195-04n	2000-518XRAB	(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)
00-195-05n	2000-519XRAB	
00-195-06n	2000-520XRAB	
00-199-01n	2000-521XRAB	
00-199-02n	2000-522XRAB	
00-297-02n	2000-661XRAB	

To (b)(6), (b)(7)(C) phone 808/486-5020 fax. If you have any questions, please contact me at (b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-195-04n Monsanto # 2000-518XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 11, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site #1 Site #2 Site 1 Planting Date: December 15, 2000 Harvest Date: May 12, 2001 Destruct Date: July 3, 2001 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted:	County Yuma Honolulu (b) (4)	State AZ HI
Purpose of Trial:	(b) (4)	
Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility:	(b) (4)
(b	(4)	, , ,
Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility:) (4)	(4)
Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and	Plant Stand Characteristics (4)	(b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plo (b) (4)	ot Area after Harvesting:	(b) (4)
Disposition of the Harvested Material:	(b) (4)	4)
Site 2 Planting Date: September 7, 2000 and December 15 Harvest Date: April 16, 2001 Destruct Date: May 31, 2001 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted:	(b) (4	4)
Purpose of Trial: (b) (4)		
Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility (b) (4)	(b)	(4)

OR120018_BR_006099 Page 1 of 2

Monsanto # 2000-518XRAB

USDA # 00-195-04n

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility:

(b) (4)

(b) (4)

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics:

(b) (4)

(b) (4)

Disposition of the Harvested Material:

(b) (4)

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants

(b) (4)

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting:

(b) (4)

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-195-04n Monsanto # 2000-518XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 11, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site #1 Site #2 County Yuma Honolulu

State AZ HI

Site 1

Planting Date: December 15, 2000 Harvest Date: May 12, 2001 Destruct Date: July 3, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI deleted]

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Site 2

Planting Date: September 7, 2000 and December 15, 2000

Harvest Date: April 16, 2001 Destruct Date: May 31, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI deleted]

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

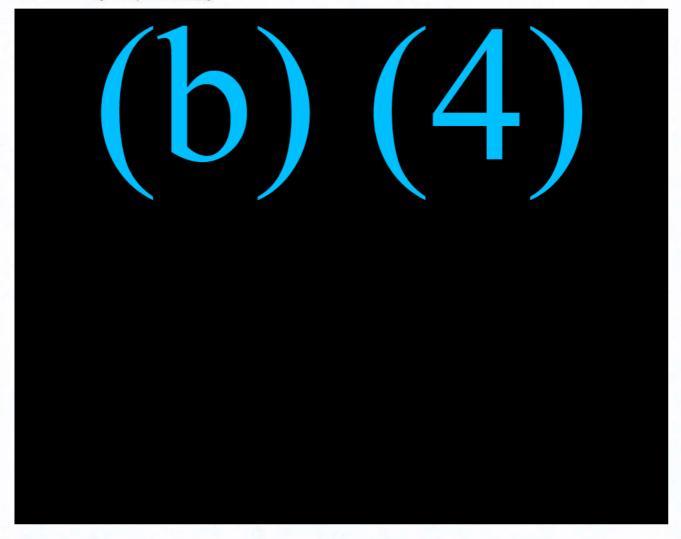
2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-195-04n Monsanto #2000-518XRAB

AMENDED November 21, 2002

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

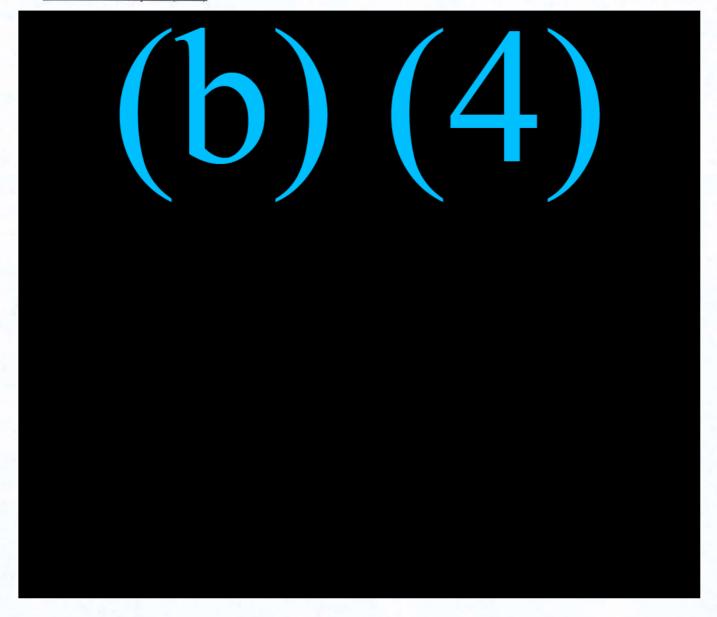
Location	County	State
2147302522	Yuma	AZ
7683	Honolulu	HI

Yuma County/AZ (2147302522)





Honolulu County/HI (7683)





USDA# 00-195-04n

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential in the Field Test Report consists of field monitoring observations regarding biotechnology products under development.

Legal Background

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort." Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943#44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act request. The courts have been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289#291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F.Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justification for treating field monitoring observation information as CBI is provided below*.

^{*} In a case decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 is such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

Field Monitoring Data as CBI

Monsanto's Field Test Reports contain information regarding Field Monitoring Observations. This includes specific observations regarding biotechnology products under development. The Field Test Report will indicate which crop is the subject of the Report and the observations provide information that can reveal the trait being tested. For instance, an observation concerning the roots of the plant is evidence that the product in testing has a trait designed to guard against rootworm.

Allowing a competitor access to such information could result in substantial competitive harm to Monsanto in that it reveals what products Monsanto is in the process of developing, the stage of development, the performance of the product under development, and an estimated time when such a product could be commercialized. A competitor could use this critical information regarding Monsanto's product pipeline to gain a competitive advantage against Monsanto. This advantage would start immediately upon the revelation of this information, in that a competitor could use this information to evaluate the timing and commercialization of its own products, to develop new competing products, and to convey information to the marketplace regarding its products compared to Monsanto's products.

In addition, the observations provide information concerning Monsanto's protocols for conducting Field Tests. Monsanto has invested substantial time and money in developing a workable system for conducting these trials and allowing others access to this information would give them an unfair advantage over Monsanto.

Identification of Items claimed as Confidential Business Information (CBI)

Items claimed as CBI indicated in the text are labeled as [CBI] and that document is labeled as Confidential. A non-confidential copy of the application is also included and the CBI information that has been deleted is enclosed in brackets labeled [CBI-Deleted] and that document labeled as CBI-Deleted.

2000 Wheat Field Test Report USDA #00-195-04n Monsanto #2000-518XRAB

AMENDED November 21, 2002

Biotech Field Compliance Team Monsanto Company

Location 2147302522 County Yuma

State AZ.

7683

Honolulu

HI

Yuma County/AZ (2147302522)

Planting Date:

12/15/2000

Harvest Date:

05/12/2001

Destruct Date:

07/03/2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Honolulu County/HI (7683)

Planting Date: 09/07/2000

Harvest Date: 04/16/2001

Destruct Date: 05/31/2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI-Deleted]

Purpose of Field Trial: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Growth Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Weediness Characteristics: [CBI-Deleted]

Field Monitoring Observations for Plant Stand: [CBI-Deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI-Deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI-Deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI-Deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI-Deleted]

Bp number: 00-195-05n

2000-519XRAB App number: Begin movement: 8/11/00 Received: 7/13/00 End movement: 8/11/01 Monsanto Institution: Begin release: 8/11/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 8/11/01 Status: Pending Acre: 2.00 Effective date: 8/12/00 CBI status: CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield, MO Telephone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C Fax: 636-737-7085 -----Initial 1. [V Assign Bp number and initial data entry Review by biotechnologist Letter of notification to State ed [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*HI *WR I [Interstate *Dest*MN *NER * [[Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*HI *WR * Interstate *Orig*MN *NER * Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * Release *HI 1*WR * I 1 1 5. [V] Enter genes into database Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-05n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-519XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

FAX EMail 636/737-7085 (b) (6) (b) (7)

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of HJ98, McVey, MN95002, elite lines, and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [

(b)(4)

 $\overline{(b)}(4)$

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [(b)(4)

CBI

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 -- (b)(4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4-- (b)(4) (b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4-- (b)(4) (b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 -- (b)(4) CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 Kg. of wheat seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN: **DESTINATION:** HI, MN, MO HI, MN, MO Ship From: HI Honolulu (b)(4)County/Province, HI, CONTACT: Aiea, Oahu, HI U.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (] - CBI MN Ramsey County/Province, MN(b)(4) U.S.A. CONTACT: U.S.A.,

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Ship To:

#I

*[
County/Province, HI, (b)(4) U.S.A.

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

] - CBI

*[
(b)(4) U.S.A. (b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

MN

*[
(b)(4) (b)(7)(C), (b) (6)

Ramsey County/Province, MN, (b)(4) U.S.A.

CONTACT: (b)(4), (b)(7)(C), (b) (6)

MN, (b)(7)(C), (b) (6)

MN, (b)(7)(C), (b) (6)

] - CBI

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6) MO,

St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b)(4)

] - CBI

MO

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

HI

(b)(4)

County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER:
(b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

(b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

HI, (b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

U.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

] - CBI



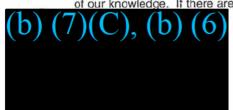
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (IOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-519XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure. CBI Justification Notification 2000-519XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-519XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-05n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-519XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(7)(C), (b) (6) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of HJ98, McVey, MN95002, elite lines, and Bobwhite.

HT

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

minist.	10 At	ger broppin		
	MACAC	OF IP	OPPOP	rmation
	MOGE	OILIC	2115101	manon

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 Kg. of wheat seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

HI, MN, MO

HI, MN, MO

Ship From:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Ramsey County/Province, MN, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MN [CBI Deleted] -- *Ramsey County/Province, MN, U.S.A. MO MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

н

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres



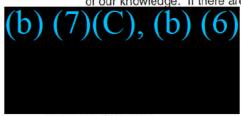
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-05n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-519XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

FAX EMail 636/737-7085 (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)₂ monsanto.com

b) (/)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of HJ98, McVey, MN95002, elite lines, and Bobwhite.

Page 1 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 Kg. of wheat seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

HI, MN, MO

HI, MN, MO

Ship From:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Ramsey County/Province, MN, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

Ship To:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MN

[CBI Deleted] -- *Ramsey County/Province, MN, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-519XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-519XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000 Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-05n

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MN MO

Release destination: HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE F	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and	d offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Dr. Mary J. Hanks, Biotechnologist Plant Industry Division Minnesota Department of Agriculture 90 West Plato Boulevard St. Paul, MN 55107

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Hanks:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-05n

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MN MO

Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

STA	ATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with AF	PHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-05n

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MN MO

HI

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFI	CATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the follo	wing reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State: Pot1	Log01 /P4



Animal and Plant Mealth Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meet's the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received: 00-195-05n

July 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: HI MN MO HI

Release destination:

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB Effective: August 12, 2000

Recipient: Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA



	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	4
X	State concurs with APHIS determination. Please notify Ms. Carol Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo St., Honolulu, HI 96813. State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	Okada,
_	State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	
Name o	of State official: Carol L. Okada	5(4)

Signature: Date: 30 August 2000

State:___ Hawaii

Rptloc01/R4



An Equal Opportunity Employer



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdate, MD 20737 faxed 7-24-00

Dr. Mary J. Hanks, Biotechnologist Plant Industry Division Minnesota Department of Agriculture 90 West Plato Boulevard St. Paul, MN 55107

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Hanks:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c)

Bp number Received: 00-195-05n

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB

July 13, 2000 Institution: Monsanto

Effective:

August 12, 2000

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MN MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

E. Dianne Harmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

	E TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determ	ination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offer	s the following reasons:
Name of State official. Mara I Ha	oles
Name of State official Mara Signature: (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)
Date: 7-24-00	2
State: MN	Rptloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MO 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-05n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received: 00-195-05n

July 13, 2000

Effective:

Applicant #: 2000-519XRAB August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MN MO

Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STAT	E RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APH	IS determination.
	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	ichael E. Bown
$_{\text{Signature:}}$ (b) (7)(C	
Date: 1.24.00	
State: MO	Rptloc01/R4

JUL 25 2000



APHIS - Protecting American Agresiture

OR120018 BRn @Q60p4ofrurury Employee

August 31, 2000

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-05n (2000-519XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawaii, Minnesota, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- 2. Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

b) Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants.

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada within six months of completion or termination of the test.

4. The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI
- M. Hanks, Minnesota Dept. of Agric., St. Paul, MN
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- S. Wood, PPQ, NER, Raleigh, NC
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-195-05n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Aug-31-00 03:21pm

Tel line 1 : Tel line 2 : Name :

Job number : 201

Date : Aug-31 03:19pm

To : 916367377085

Document Pages : 02

Start time : Aug-31 03:19pm

End time : Aug-31 03:21pm

Pages sent : 02

Job number : 201 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Heath Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

August 31, 2000

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-05n (2000-519XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawali, Minnesota, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field

In addition, the State of Bawali has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During
 the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation
 to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should
 be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - All planting, pollunating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.



Ал Есна Оррагили Елекция



January 29, 2001

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
FAX (636) 737-7085
http://www.monsanto.com

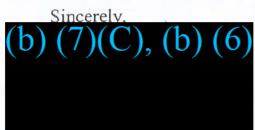
Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker:

The responsible researcher at Hawaii Agriculture Research Center has changed for the following wheat notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #	Change
00-195-04n	2000-518XRAB	(b) (7)(C), (b) (6), (b) (4)
00-195-05n	2000-519XRAB	
00-195-06n	2000-520XRAB	
00-199-01n	2000-521XRAB	
00-199-02n	2000-522XRAB	
00-297-02n	2000-661XRAB	
To $(b)(7)($	(C), (b) (6) phone 8	808/486-5020 fax. If you have
	please contact me at(b) (

any questions, please contact me at (b) (7)(C), (b) (6



2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-195-05n Monsanto # 2000-519XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location	County	State	
Site #1	Honolulu	HI	
Site 1 Planting Date: September 7, 2000; December 1: Harvest Date: April 16, 2001 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-T Purpose of Trial: (b) (4)		XGT12 line 33512	
Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility:		(b) (4)	
	(b) (4)	(~) (.)	
Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility:) (4)	
	(b) (4)		
Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness at	nd Plant Stand Characterist	tics: [(b) (4)	
(b) (4)			
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of (b) (4)	Plot Area after Harvesting	(b) (4)	-
Disposition of the Harvested Material: [(b) (4)	
Monitoring for Volunteer Plants:	(b)	(4)	
(D) (T)		Art to the second	

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-195-05n Monsanto # 2000-519XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site #1 County Honolulu

State HI

Site 1

Planting Date: September 7, 2000; December 15, 2000

Harvest Date: April 16, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10 line 33391; PV-TXGT12 line 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI deleted]



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Rivergale, MD 20737

August 31, 2000

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-06n (2000-520XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawaii, Missouri, South Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.



As Equal Opportunity Employee

T-743 P.02/02 F-202

 Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants,

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada, within six months of completion or termination of the test.

4. The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).



E. Diafine Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc:

- M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- K. Fridley, South Dakota Dept. of Agric., Pierre, SD
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO



Monsanto Company
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-520XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (7)(C), (b) (6)

636/737-7085

(b) (7)(C), (b) (6)_{@ monsanto.com}

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of Oxen, Ingot, SD3407, elite lines and Bobwhite.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/|2 - | (b)(4) (b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- I (b)(4) CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/i5 -- (b)(4) CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4--1 (b)(4) (b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b)(4)
(b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 (b)(4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 kg. of wheat seed, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

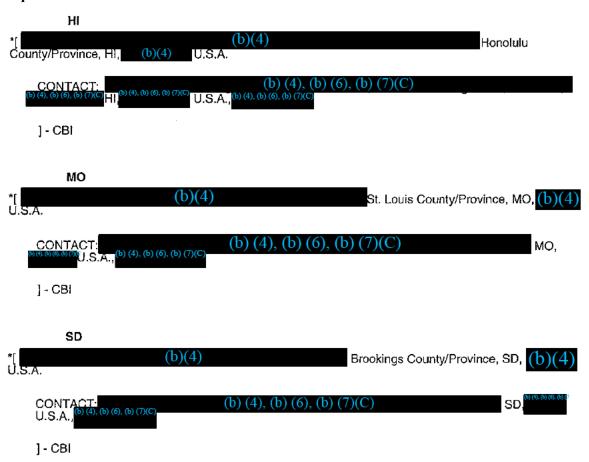
ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

HI, MO, SD

HI, MO, SD

Ship From:



Page 5 of 7

CONTACT: U.S.A. (6) (4), (6) (6), (6) (7)(C)

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

(b)(4)

County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \end{array} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \\ \text{HI,} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \\ \text{U.S.A.,} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \end{array}$

] - CBI



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-520XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b)(4)

Monsanto Company July 12, 2000



April 4, 2002

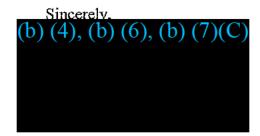
Attn: Mary Jackson Regulatory Analyst Animal and Plant Inspection Services Biotechnology, Biologics, and Environmental Protection Biotechnology Permits 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD 20737-1237 MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
FAX (636) 737-7085
http://www.monsanto.com

Reference: Submission of Final Test Reports

Dear Mary,

The following USDA field releases have been completed and we are now submitting final reports required by the notifications. Please find the final reports for the following USDA notifications enclosed.

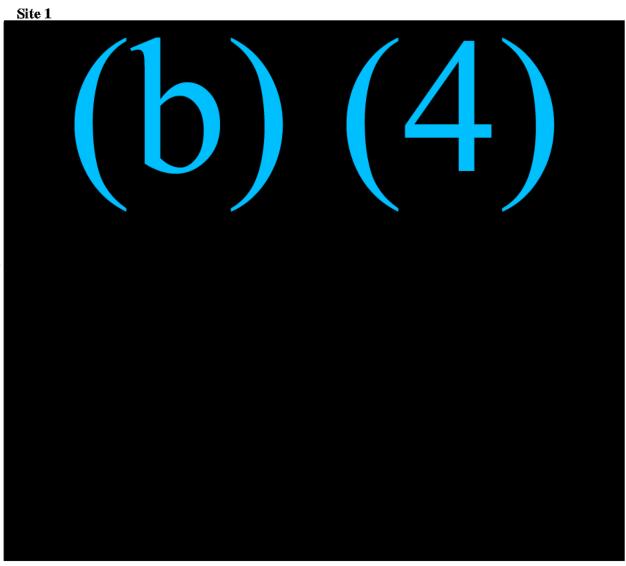
Monsanto ID#	USDA#	Crop
2000-328XRAB	00-089-12N	COTTON
2000-534XRAB	00-222-01N	WHEAT
2000-171XRAB	00-054-07N	WHEAT
2000-125XRAB	00-046-09N	WHEAT
2000-164XRAB	00-062-03N	WHEAT
2000-83XRAB	00-039-05N	WHEAT
2000-536XRAB	00-236-01N	WHEAT
2000-109XRAB	00-041-04N	WHEAT
2000-568XRAB	00-231-09N	WHEAT
2000-522XRAB	00-199-02N	WHEAT
2000-90XRAB	00-039-11N	WHEAT
2000-519XRAB	00-195-05N	WHEAT
2000-127XRAB	00-046-11N	WHEAT
2000-521XRAB	00-199-01N	WHEAT
2000-520XRAB	00-195-06N	WHEAT
2000-518XRAB	00-195-04N	WHEAT
2000-661XRAB	00-297-02N	WHEAT
2000-580XRAB	00-243-05N	WHEAT



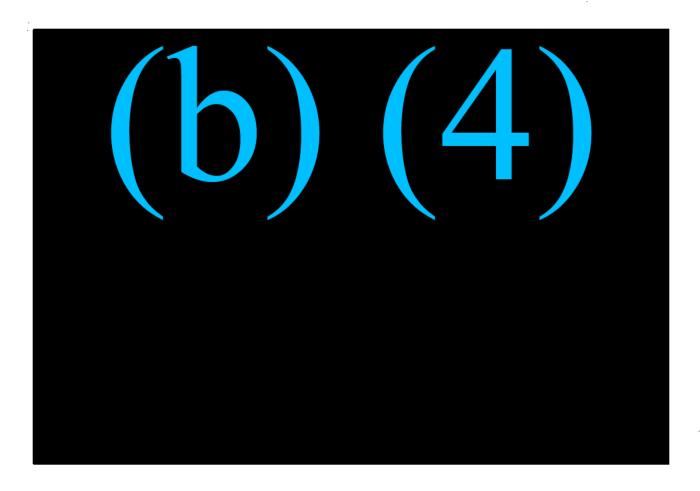
2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-195-06n Monsanto # 2000-520XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site # 1 County Honolulu State HI



Site 1 (b) (4



Bp number: 00-195-06n

App number: 2000-520XRAB Begin movement: 8/11/00 Received: 7/13/00 End movement: 8/11/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 8/11/00 End release: 8/11/01 Recipient: Wheat Status: Pending Acre: 2.00 CBI status: Effective date: 8/12/00 CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip:Chesterfield, MO Fax: 636-737-7085 Initial Assign Bp number and initial data entry Review by biotechnologist Letter of notification to State -ed -ex [] State response Site Reg O/d Loc Interstate *Dest*HI *WR Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Dest*SD *SCR * Interstate *Orig*HI *WR *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MO Interstate *Orig*SD *SCR * Release *HI 1*WR I 1] Enter genes into database [1] Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-06n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-520XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX EMail 636/737-7085 (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of Oxen, Ingot, SD3407, elite lines and Bobwhite.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 --

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

BI Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

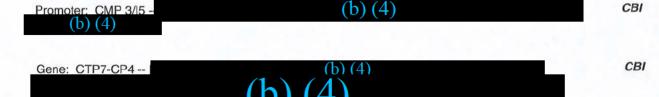
Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

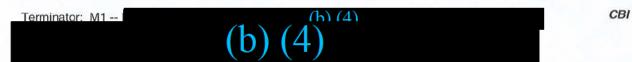


Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 kg. of wheat seed, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN: DESTINATION: HI, MO, SD HI, MO, SD Ship From: HI Honolulu County/Province, HI (b) (4) U.S.A. CONTACT:] - CBI MO (b)(4)St. Louis County/Province, MO(b) CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) U.S.A. 1-CBI SD Brookings County/Province, SD, (b) (4) (b) (4) CONTACT: U.S.A.,

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Release Site: NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES: HI (1) HI County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres. BESPONSIBLE PERSON/BESEARCHER (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Reference ID



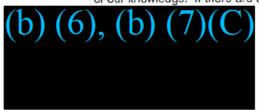
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-520XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-520XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure. CBI Justification Notification 2000-520XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-520XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-06n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-520XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of Oxen, Ingot, SD3407, elite lines and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 kg. of wheat seed, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

HI, MO, SD

DESTINATION:

HI, MO, SD

Ship From:

HI

CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

SD

CBI Deleted] -- *Brookings County/Province, SD, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Ship To:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

SD

CBI Deleted] -- *Brookings County/Province, SD, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres



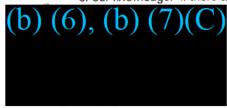
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-520XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 12, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-195-06n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-520XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

EMail

636/737-7085 b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 11, 2000 - August 11, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate Tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of Oxen, Ingot, SD3407, elite lines and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4,000 kg. of wheat seed, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

DESTINATION:

HI, MO, SD

HI, MO, SD

Ship From:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

SD

CBI Deleted] -- *Brookings County/Province, SD, U.S.A.

MO Ship To: HI CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A. MO CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

[CBI Deleted] -- *Brookings County/Province, SD, U.S.A.

SD

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-520XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres

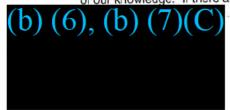


Monsanto Company 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-520XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 12, 2000 Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Ouarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-06n

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB

Received: July 13, 2000 Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Wheat

Recipient:

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHI	S determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR a	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eliqibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-06n

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective:

August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

Release destination: HT

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHI	S determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR a	nd offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Kevin Fridley Division of Agricultural Services South Dakota Department of Agriculture Foss Building-523 East Capitol Pierre, SD 57501-3182

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Fridley:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-195-06n

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB

Received:

July 13, 2000

Effective: August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

Release destination:

HT

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STAT	E RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APH	IIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meet's the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received: 00-195-06n

July 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

HI

Release destination:

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB Effective: August 12, 2000

Recipient: Wheat

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

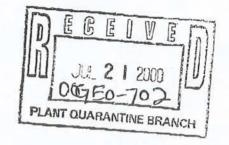
It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA



STATE	RESPONSE	TO	NOTIFICATION

X	State concurs with APHIS determination. Please notify Ms. C. Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 Halo St., Honolulu, HI S	arol Okada,
	Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 IIalo St., Honolulu, HI	10813.
	State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	

Carol L. Okada Name of State official:

Signature:_

Date: 30 August 2000

Hawaii State:_

Rptloc01/R4

An Equal Opportunity Employer



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meet's the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received: 00-195-06n

July 13, 2000

Effective:

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB August 12, 2000

Recipient: Wheat:

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE	RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS	S determination.
	nd offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	icheal E Bours
Name of State official:/	TO THE C. DIVING
(b) (6), (b)	(7)(C)
Signatura: (0)(0), (0)	
Date: 1.24.00	£
Dace:	2 -
State: MO	Rptloc01/R4
blace.	MACTOCOT / KA

JUL 25 2000



APHS - Presecung American Agriculture

OR120018 BRA @@6¢@@nurniny Employee



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Kevin Fridley Division of Agricultural Services South Dakota Department of Agriculture Foss Building-523 East Capitol Pierre, SD 57501-3182

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Fridley:

Enclosed is notification 00-195-06n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number Received:

00-195-06n July 13, 2000

Effective:

Applicant #: 2000-520XRAB August 12, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO SD

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO



STATE	RESPONSE	TO	NOTIFICATION

State concurs with APHIS determination.

State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:

Rptloc01/R4

August 31, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-06n (2000-520XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawaii, Missouri, South Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- 1. The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- 2. Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

b) Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants.

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada, within six months of completion or termination of the test.

4. The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc:

- M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- K. Fridley, South Dakota Dept. of Agric., Pierre, SD
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-195-06n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Aug-31-00 03:22pm

Tel line 1 : Tel line 2 : Name :

Job number : 202

Date : Aug-31 03:20pm

To : 916367377085

Document Pages : (

Start time : Aug-31 03:21pm

End time : Aug-31 03:22pm

Pages sent : 02

Job number : 202 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***

United States Department of Agriculture

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

August 31, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-195-06n (2000-520XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawall, Missouri, South Dakota

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field

In addition, the State of Mawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

APV8S - Protecting American Agriculture

An Equal Opportunity Employee



January 29, 2001

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy North Chesterfield, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 FAX (636) 737-7085 http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker:

The responsible researcher at Hawaii Agriculture Research Center has changed for the following wheat notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #	Change
00-195-04n	2000-518XRAB	(b) (6), (b) $(7)(C)$, (b) (4)
00-195-05n	2000-519XRAB	
00-195-06n	2000-520XRAB	
00-199-01n	2000-521XRAB	
00-199-02n	2000-522XRAB	
00-297-02n	2000-661XRAB	

To (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) phone 808/486-5020 fax. If you have any questions, please contact me at (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Bp number: 00-199-01n

App number: 2000-521XRAB Begin movement: 8/12/00 Received: 7/17/00 End movement: 8/12/01 8/12/00 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 8/12/01 Recipient: End release: Wheat 2.00 Status: Pending Acre: Effective date: 4/10/100 8/16/2000 CBI status: CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address2: Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip:Chesterfield, MO Telephone: 636-737-7085 Fax: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) Initial Assign Bp number and initial data entry Review by biotechnologist [Letter of notification to State Fed -ex [] State response 0/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*HI *WR Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Dest*MT *WR Interstate *Orig*HI *WR Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*MT *WR [1 Release *HI 1*WR Enter genes into database Letter of (acknowledgement/denial/withdraw 6. 7. Enter final data into database



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-01n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-521XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of McNeal, MT9433, MT9653, MTHW9701, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 --

CBI

(b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 ---(b) (4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [(b) (4) CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- (b) (4) (b) (4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b) (4)
(b) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [(b) (4) (4)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4000 kg. seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN: DESTINATION: HI, MO, MT HI, MO, MT Ship From: HI Honolulu County/Province, HI (b) (4) U.S.A. CONTACT] - CBI MO St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b) (4) (b) (4)CONTACT: U.S.A.] - CBI MT Gallatin County/Province, MT,(b) (4) (b) (4)] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB Ship To: HI Honolulu County/Province, HI, (b) (4)] - CBI MO (b) (4) St. Louis County/Province, MO(b) (4) *[U.S.A. CONTACT U.S.A., MO, (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)] - CBI MT Gallatin County/Province, MT, (b) (4) (b) (4)CONTACT b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

Н

County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres.

Honolulu

DEODONOIDI E DEDOON/DEOEADONED

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/RESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)U.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



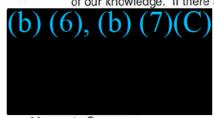
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7. CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 13, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-521XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure. CBI Justification Notification 2000-521XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-521XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-521XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{@ monsanto.com}

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of McNeal, MT9433, MT9653, MTHW9701, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4000 kg. seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

HI, MO, MT

DESTINATION:

HI, MO, MT

Ship From:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Ship To:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

н

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres



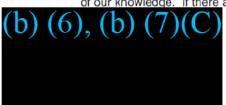
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 13, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-521XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) amonsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of McNeal, MT9433, MT9653, MTHW9701, elite lines and Bobwhite

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-521XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 4000 kg. seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

HI, MO, MT

DESTINATION:

HI, MO, MT

Ship From:

HI

CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MT

CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB

Ship To:

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

MT

[CBI Deleted] -- *Gallatin County/Province, MT

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 2 acres



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-521XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 13, 2000

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813 July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number
Received:

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received: July 14, 2000

Effective: August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT

Release destination: H

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STA	ATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with AF	PHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	R and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received: July 14, 2000

Effective: August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT

Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
;	State concurs with APHIS determination.
	State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of	State official:
Signatu	re:
Date:	
Ctata.	Pn+1 og01 /P4

Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective: August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESI	PONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS de	termination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and of	ffers the following reasons:	
Name of State official:		
Signature:		
Date:		
State:	Rptloc01/R4	



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr .:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective: August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

E. Dianne/Harmaker, Chiel Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPO, Sacramento, CA



STATE RESPONS	E TO	NOTIF	ICATION
---------------	------	-------	---------

State concurs with APHIS determination. Please notify Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo St., Honolulu, HI 96813. State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:

Mama	of	Chara	official.	Carol L.	Okada
Manne	OL	State	(h)	(6), (b)	(7)(C)
Sim	a t 111	re.	(0)	(0), (0)	(7)(0)

30 August 2000

State:

Hawaii

Rptloc01/R4



An Equal Coportunity Employer



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPON	NSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS deter	rmination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offe	
Name of State official: Mi Chae	- 01001
Signature:_ (b) (6), (b) (7)	(C)
Date: 7/24/00	e
State: Mo	Rptloc01/R4

JUL 2 5 2000



APHS - Protecting American Agriculture

OR120018 BRI 1996220 TUTUR Employer



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Dr. Gary Gingery, Administrator Agriculture Sciences Division Montana Department of Agriculture P.O. Box 200201 Helena, MT 59620-0201

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Gingery:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-01n

Applicant #: 2000-521XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: HI MO MT

Release destination: HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESE	PONSE TO NOTIFICATION
	termination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and of Name of State official: LOY! M. \	ffers the following reasons:
signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)((C)
Date: 7 21 00	
state: Montana	Rptloc01/R4



(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-199-01n (2000-521XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawaii, Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- 1. The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- 2. Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

b) Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants.

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada, within six months of completion or termination of the test.

4. The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC:

- M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- G. Gingery, Montana Dept. of Agric., Helena, MT
- R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-199-01n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Aug-31-00 03:26pm

Tel line 1 : Tel line 2 : Name :

Job number : 205

Date : Aug-31 03:24pm

To : 916367377085

Document Pages : 02

Start time : Aug-31 03:25pm

End time : Aug-31 03:26pm

Pages sent : 02

Job number : 205 *** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Hearn Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

August 31. 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b)(6),(b)(7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-199-01n (2000-521XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Hawali, Missouri, Montana

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Mawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During
 the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation
 to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should
 be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

APP-65 - Protecting American Agriculture

An Equal Opportunity Employee

January 29, 2001

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
FAX (636) 737-7085
http://www.monsanto.com

Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker:

The responsible researcher at Hawaii Agriculture Research Center has changed for the following wheat notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #	Change
00-195-04n	2000-518XRAB	(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)
00-195-05n	2000-519XRAB	
00-195-06n	2000-520XRAB	
00-199-01n	2000-521XRAB	2
00-199-02n	2000-522XRAB	
00-297-02n	2000-661XRAB	

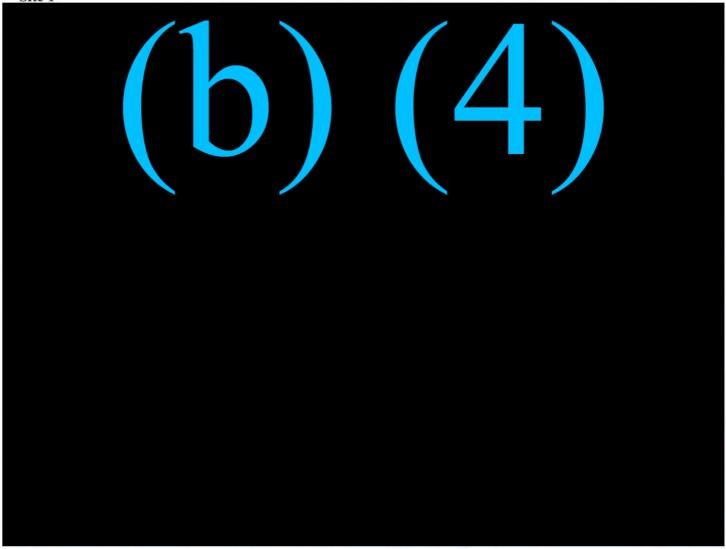
To (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) phone 808/486-5020 fax. If you have any questions, please contact me at (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Sincerely, (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) 2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-199-01n Monsanto # 2000-521XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site #1 County Honolulu State HI

Site 1



2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-199-01n Monsanto # 2000-521XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location County State
Site #1 Honolulu HI

Site 1

Planting Date: September 7, 2000; December 15, 2000

Harvest Date: April 5, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI deleted]

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteer Plants: [CBI deleted]

Notification Tracking Sheet

Bp number: 00-199-02n

App number: 2000-522XRAB Begin movement: 8/12/00 Received: 7/17/00 End movement: 8/12/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 8/12/00 Recipient: Wheat End release: 8/12/01 Pending Status: Acre: 6.00 Effective date: @/ALLES 8/16/2000 CBI status: CBI Phenotype: HT - Glyphosate tolerant Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Monsanto Company Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield, MO (b) (6), (b) (7)(C Telephone: Fax: 636-737-7085 Initial Assign Bp number and initial data entry Review by biotechnologist [Letter of notification to State Hed - ex [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*AZ *WR [Interstate *Dest*HI *WR [Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*AZ *WR Interstate *Orig*HI *WR Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * [Release 1*WR Enter genes into database 6. Letter of (acknowledgement) denial/withdraw Enter final data into database 7.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

July 13, 2000

00-199-02N

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-522XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C

Phone

FAX **EMail**

636/737-7085

monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BW251, BW252, elite lines and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [

(b) (4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/15 -- (b) (4)

(b) (4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

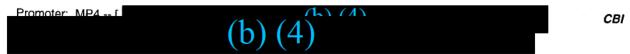
Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

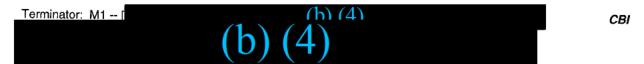


Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST



Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 20,000 kg. of seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

AZ, HI, MO

DESTINATION:

AZ, HI, MO

Ship From:

ΑZ

(b) (4) Yuma County/Province, AZ, (b) (4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

н

*County/Province, HI, (b) (4) U.S.A.

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI

MO

*[(b) (4) St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b) (4)

CONTACT: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) MC

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

CONTACT

] - CBI

(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

2000-522XRAB

Ship To:

Page 5 of 7

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

н

[(b) (4) Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 6 acres.

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{RESPONSIRIE PERSON/RESEARCHED.} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \end{array} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \\ \text{(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \\ \text{(c) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)} \\ \text{(d) (4), (b) (6), (b)$

] - CBI



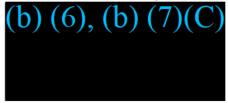
MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company July 13, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (lOth Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



Monsanto Company

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-021

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-522XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

er

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HΤ

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BW251, BW252, elite lines and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted 1 CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens Interstate Movement and Release

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

8. Introduction

7. Mode of Transformation

Ship up to 20,00	00 kg. of seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:
AZ, HI, MO	AZ, HI, MO
Ship From:	
AZ	
[CBI Deleted] *Yuma County/Province, AZ
н	
] *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.
[05, 50,0,00	1 Trefferdia County/Frovince, Fit, C.C./A.
MO	
[CBI Deleted] *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Ship To:

ΑZ

[CBI Deleted] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ

н

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

н

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 6 acres



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company July 13, 2000



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-02N

1. USDA Reference Number

- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-522XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Phone

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

FAX

636/737-7085

EMail

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BW251, BW252, elite lines and Bobwhite.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- I

h

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

GENE OF INTEREST

(b)(4)

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

Ship up to 20,000 kg. of seeds, seedlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location.

ORIGIN:

AZ, HI, MO

ΑZ

DESTINATION:

AZ, HI, MO

Ship From:

] - CBI

(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(0

MO,

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

Ship To:

AZ

*[(b)(4) Yuma County/Province, AZ, (b)(4)

CONTACT: (b) (6), (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

AZ,

]-CBI

HI

*[COUNTY/Province, HI, (b)(4) U.S.A. (b)(4) (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

]-CBI

MO

*[(b)(4) St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b)(4) (b) (7)(C)

MO, (b)(4) (c)(7)(C)

MO, (b)(4) (c)(7)(C)

MO, (c)(4) (c)(7)(C)

MO, (d)(4) (c)(7)(C)

MO, (d)(4) (d)(4) (d)(7)(C)

MO, (d)(4) (d)(4) (d)(4)(d)(7)(C)

MO, (d)(4) (d)(4)(d)(

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

HI (1)

н

(b)(4) Honolulu

(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

(b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C) HI, (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C) U.S.A., (b) (6), (b) (4), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company July 13, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198

PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

July 13, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-199-021

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-522XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

16

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

August 12, 2000 - August 12, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

Glyphosate tolerant

Cultivar/Variety Backcross progenies of BW251, BW252, elite lines and Bobwhite.

HT

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the **Carbidopsis** thaliana **Carbidop**

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

The last two teams to the last two teams are the last two teams are

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation	Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens
8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release
Ship up to 20,000 kg. of seeds, see	edlings, and leaf tissue to and from each location
ORIGIN: AZ, HI, MO	DESTINATION: AZ, HI, MO
Ship From:	
AZ [CBI Deleted] *Yuma County	y/Province, AZ

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Ship To:

ΑZ

[CBI Deleted] -- *Yuma County/Province, AZ

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- *Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A.

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

CDIDE FED

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-522XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

Hi (1)

HI

[CBI Deleted] -- Honolulu County/Province, HI, U.S.A., 6 acres



MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-522XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company July 13, 2000 Dr. Scott Sobey, Associate Director Arizona Department of Agriculture 1688 W. Adams Phoenix, AZ 85007

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Sobey:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-02n

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

	STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
	State concurs with APHIS determination.
	State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of	State official:
	re:
State:_	

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR $34\overline{0}.3$ (c).

Bp number

00-199-02n

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Release destination:

HI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RES	PONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS de	termination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and o	ffers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Pptlog01/P4

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-02n

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Release destination:

ΗI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
State concurs with APHIS determination.	
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following re	asons:
Name of State official:	
Signature:	
Date:	
State: Rptloc01/R4	

Not a FOIA Deletion



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Dr. Scott Sobby, Associate Director Arizona Department of Agriculture 1688 W. Adams Phoenix, AZ 85007

July 17, 2000

Dear Dr. Sobey:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-199-02n Received:

July 14, 2000 Institution: Monsanto

Effective:

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB August 13, 2000

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely.

Clarine Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official. G. John Caravetta
signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Date: 7/28/00
State: Arizona Porlocal /P4

AFHS - Protecting American Agriculture

JUL 3 1 2000



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdals, MD 20737

Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Manager Plant Quarantine Branch Hawaii Department of Agriculture 701 Ilalo Street Honolulu, HI 96813

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Isherwood Jr.:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-02n

Applicant

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

Effective:

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Release destination:

HI

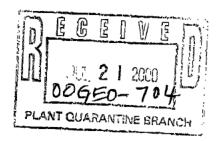
Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine



Enclosure

cc: R. Stoaks, PPQ, Sacramento, CA

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION	
X state concurs with APHIS determination. Please notify Ms. Ca Hawaii Dept. of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo St., Honolulu, HI 96 State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:	rol Okada, 813.
Name of State official: Carol L. Okada	
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)	
Date: 30 August 2000	
State: Hawaii Rptloc01/R4	



An Equal Opportunity Employer



Animai and Plant Health Inspection Service 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

July 17, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-199-02n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-199-02n

Applicant #: 2000-522XRAB

Received:

July 14, 2000

August 13, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Effective:

Wheat

Interstate destination: AZ HI MO

Recipient:

Release destination:

ΗI

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official Mix L Com
Signature: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Date: 7 (24/00
State: Rptloc01/R4

JUL 2 5 2000



(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-199-02n (2000-522XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Arizona, Hawaii, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- 3. Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

Pollen movement and viability under island's climatic conditions, and any occurrence of introduced traits transferred to non-test plants.

The report should be submitted to the Plant Quarantine Branch, 701 Ilalo Street, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96813, with a copy to Ms. Carol Okada, within six months of completion or termination of the test.

The introduction of any organism other than wheat seeds may be regulated by the Plant Quarantine Branch. For more information on the organisms regulated by the Branch, please contact Mr. Myron Isherwood Jr., Hawaii Department of Agriculture.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology). Sincerely,

/8/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Biotechnology Evaluations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

S. Sobey, Arizona Dept. of Agric., Phoenix, AZ

M. Isherwood, Hawaii Dept. of Agric., Honolulu, HI

M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO

R. Stoaks, PPQ, WR, Sacramento, CA

D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO

File number 00-199-02n

Not a FOIA Deletion

U 7

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Aug-31-00 03:25pm

Tel line 1 : Tel line 2 : Name :

Job number

: 204

Date

: Aug-31 03:23pm

To

: 916367377085

Document Pages

: 02

Start time

: Aug-31 03:23pm

End time

: Aug-31 03:25pm

Pages sent

: 02

Job number

: 204

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Hearn 4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20732

August 31, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been <u>acknowledged</u> and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after August 31, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-199-02n (2000-522kRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Arizona, Hawaii, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

In addition, the State of Hawaii has requested that you adhere to the following requirements:

- The field should remain fallow for a minimum of thirty days. During the fallow period, the field should be watered by overhead irrigation to allow the germination of volunteer wheat. Volunteer wheat should be destroyed.
- Notify State Agricultural Official, Ms. Carol Okada, Hawaii Department of Agriculture, 701 Ilalo Street, Monolulu, Hawaii 96813, at each of the following times:
 - a) All planting, pollinating and harvesting dates of each field trial.
 - b) Any changes to the field sites, recommended conditions, or other related matters.
 - c) The unplanned release or theft of any transgenic wheat plants or plant parts.
- . Submit a written report on the field test data including information on:
 - a) The germination of volunteer wheat after harvest.

APPES - Professing American Agressium

An Equal Opporturery Employee

Not a FOIA Deletion

21

January 29, 2001

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 FAX (636) 737-7085 http://www.monsanto.com

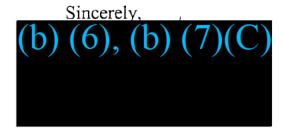
Ms. Dianne Hatmaker Animal and Plant Health Inspection Services Biotechnology and Scientific Services 4700 River Road, Unit 147 Riverdale, MD

Dear Ms. Hatmaker:

The responsible researcher at Hawaii Agriculture Research Center has changed for the following wheat notifications.

USDA#	Monsanto #		Change	_
00-195-04n	2000-518XR	AB	(b) (6), (b) (7)(C), (b) (4)
00-195-05n	2000-519XR	AB		
00-195-06n	2000-520XR	AB		
00-199-01n	2000-521XR	AB		
00-199-02n	2000-522XR	AB		
00- <u>297-02n</u>	2000-661XR	AB		
T_0 (b) (6), ((b) (7)(C)	phone 808/	486-5020 fax.	If you
		(1)	(1, (7)(0))	_

ou have any questions, please contact me at (b) (6),



2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-199-02n Monsanto # 2000-522XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 18, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site 1

County

State

Honolulu

 \mathbf{HI}

Site 1

Planting Date: December 5, December 7 and December 15, 2000

Harvest Date: May 17, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT10, line 33391; PV-TXGT12, line 33512

Purpose of Trial: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

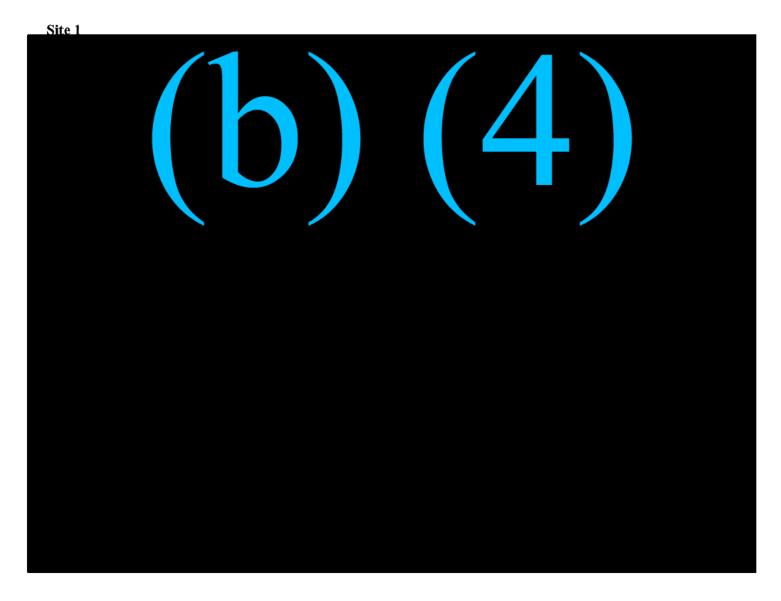
Disposition of the Harvested Material: [CBI deleted]

Monitoring for Volunteers: [CBI deleted]

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-199-02n Monsanto # 2000-522XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 18, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site 1 County Honolulu State HI



Notification Tracking Sheet

Bp number: 00-222-01n

App number: 2000-534XRAB Begin movement: 9/07/00 Received: 8/09/00 End movement: 9/07/01 Institution: Monsanto Begin release: 9/07/00 Recipient: 9/07/01 Wheat End release: Status: Pending Acre: 2.00 Effective date: 9/08/00 CBI status: CBI HT - Glyphosate tolerant Phenotype: Comments: Resp person: Parsed name: Address1: Address2: 700 Chesterfield Parkway N. Address3: Address4: City/State/Zip: Chesterfield, MO Telephone: (b) (6), (b) (7)(C Fax: 636-737-7085 Initial 1. Assign Bp number and initial data entry [Review by biotechnologist Letter of notification to State Fed -CX [] State response O/d Loc Site Reg Interstate *Dest*IL *NER * Interstate *Dest*MO *SCR * Interstate *Orig*IL *NER * Interstate *Orig*MO *SCR * Release *IL 1*NER * [] Enter genes into database 6. Letter of acknowledgement/denial/withdraw

Enter final data into database



Monsanto Company

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

August 08, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-222-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-534XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)@monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

September 07, 2000 - September 07, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

ΗT

Phenotype:

glyphosate - tolerant

Cultivar variety: Bobwhite and backcross- derived progenies of winter wheat

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 --

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [(b) (4) CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [(b) (4) CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [(b) (4) (b) (4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b) (4) (cb) (4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 -- (b) (4) (CB)

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

7	Mode	of T	ranef	forma	tion

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

8. Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

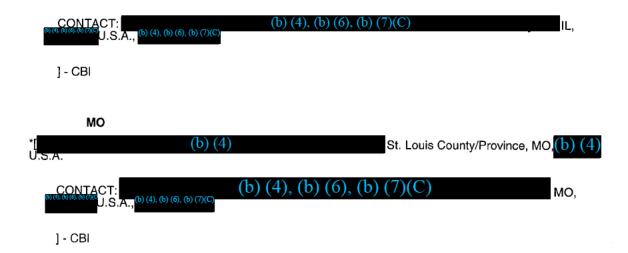
Ship up to 400kg of seeds, seedlings and leaf tissues to and from each location.

Ship To:

] - CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB



Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

IL (1)

[Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A., 2 acres.

RESPONSIBLE PERSON/BESEARCHER: (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (c) (b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) (c) (d) (d), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

] - CBI



MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000

http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company August 08, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. <u>Id.</u> at 530; <u>National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe</u>, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); <u>Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration</u>, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (lOth Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (10th Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.



MONSANTO COMPANY

700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

August 08, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-222-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-534XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX EMail (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)_{@ monsanto.com}

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

September 07, 2000 - September 07, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HT

Phenotype:

glyphosate - tolerant

Cultivar variety: Bobwhite and backcross- derived progenies of winter wheat

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted] CBI

Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens

Monsanto Reference ID

7. Mode of Transformation

2000-534XRAB

8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release
Ship up to 400k	g of seeds, seedlings and leaf tissues to and from each location.
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:
IL, MO	IL, MO
Ship From:	
IL	
[CBI Deleted] *Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A.
МО	
] *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.
Ship To:	
IL	

[CBI Deleted] -- *Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

MO

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

IL (1)

IL

[CBI Deleted] -- Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A., 2 acres

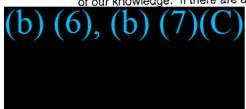


MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company August 08, 2000

MONSANTO COMPANY 700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198 PHONE (314) 694-1000 http://www.monsanto.com

August 08, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-222-01n

1. USDA Reference Number

2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-534XRAB

3. Applicant/Responsible Party

Phone

EMail

FAX

(6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

September 07, 2000 - September 07, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

Phenotype:

glyphosate - tolerant

Cultivar variety: Bobwhite and backcross- derived progenies of winter wheat

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/l2 --

(h)(4)

CBI

(b)(4)

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line: 33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/15 - 1 (b)(4)

Gene: CTP7-CP4-- I (b)(4) (b)(4)

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- (b)(4) CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain CP4.

Terminator: M1 -- (b)(4)

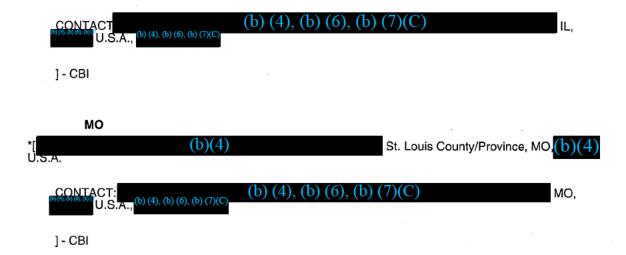
Monsanto	Reference	ID
----------	-----------	----

2000-534XRAB

The mode of Transformation	Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens
8. Introduction	Interstate Movement and Release
Ship up to 400kg of seeds, seed	llings and leaf tissues to and from each location.
ORIGIN:	DESTINATION:
IL, MO	IL, MO
Ship From:	
IL	
*	Jersey County/Province, $L(b)(4)$ U.S.A.
CONTACT: U.S.A., (b) (4), (b) (6), (b)	(b) (4) , (b) (6) , (b) (7) (C)
] - CBI	
MO .	
า U.S.A.	St. Louis County/Province, MO, (b)(4)
CONTACT: (0.65.06.000 U.S.A.((6).4), (6).(6), (6).(7)	(b) (4), (b) (6), (b) (7)(C) St. Louis, MO,
] - CBI	
Ship To:	
IL	
*[Jersey County/Province, IL, (b)(4) U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB



CONFIDENTIAL

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

IL (1)

IL

(b)(4)

Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A., 2 acres.

] - CBI



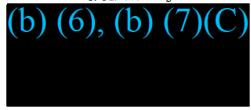
COMPIDENTIAL

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.



Monsanto Company August 08, 2000

CONFIDENTIAL BUSINESS INFORMATION JUSTIFICATION

The information claimed as confidential within this application consists of donor organisms and gene descriptions. The gene description category includes names and information about genes, promoters and expressed traits.

LEGAL BACKGROUND

The Freedom of Information Act ("FOIA"), 5 U.S.C. § 552, specifically exempts from release "trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential" ("Exemption 4"). 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(4). Exemption 4 applies where the disclosure of information would be likely to cause substantial harm to the competitive position of the owner, or where, in the case of voluntarily submitted information, the submitter would be less likely in the future to share data with the agency voluntarily. National Parks & Conservation Association v. Morton, 498 F.2d 765, 770 (D.C.Cir. 1974); Gulf & Western Industries, Inc. v. U.S., 615 F.2d 527, 530 (D.C.Cir. 1979).

A party seeking to demonstrate "substantial competitive harm" need not show actual competitive harm, but must only demonstrate the presence of competition and the likelihood of substantial competitive injury. Id. at 530; National Parks & Conservation Association v. Kleppe, 547 F.2d 673, 679 (D.C.Cir. 1976); Miami Herald Pub. Co. v. U.S. Small Business Administration, 670 F.2d 610, 614 (5th Cir. Unit B 1982).

For the purposes of FOIA, courts have defined the term "trade secret" to mean a "secret, commercially valuable plan, formula, process, or device that is used for the making, preparing, compounding, or processing of trade commodities and that can be said to be the end product of either innovation or substantial effort. Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F.2d 1280, 1288 (D.C.Cir. 1983); Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936, 943-44 (10th Cir. 1990).

Information on gene description and commercial development falls squarely within this definition, and is the type of information accorded trade secret protection by the courts under Exemption 4 of the Freedom of Information Act. It is well established that information on the formulation and chemistry of a product should be treated as confidential for FOIA purposes. See, e.g., Anderson v. Dept. of Health & Human Services, 907 F.2d 936 (10th Cir. 1990). This is exactly the type of information provided by each and every subcategory listed above in the gene description category. Where, as in the case of the Monsanto products subject to this FOIA request, the development time and costs of the product have been substantial and the information can only be obtained by competitors at considerable cost, disclosure is prohibited. Greenberg v. Food and Drug Administration, 803 F.2d at [213, 1216-1218 (D.C. Cir. 1986); Worthington Compressors, Inc. v. Costie, 622 F.2d 45, 51-52 (D.C.Cir. 1981). The existence of confidentiality agreements binding employees not to reveal the information is another factor considered by the courts. Greenberg v. FDA, 803 F.2d at 1216-1218.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 2

The courts have also been very clear in finding commercial development information covered by Exemption 4 where the release of such information could allow competitors to procure a clear understanding of a company's business practices and allow a competitor to cause harm to a company's competitive standing. See, e.g., Braintree Electric Light Dept. v. Dept. of Energy, 494 F.Supp. 287, 289-291 (D.D.C. 1980). Information on distribution channels, market strategies, pricing structures, and patterns of competition fall squarely within the Exemption because such information enables a competitor to gain an accurate picture of a company's marketing activities and the competitive structure of the market. Timken v. U.S. Customs Service, 531 F.Supp. 194, 200 (D.D.C. 1981). Typically, information concerning marketing strategies, and the names of independent contractors participating in a company's studies have been accorded confidential treatment. See, e.g., Teich v. Food & Drug Administration, 751 F. Supp. 243, 253 (D.D.C. 1990). Specific justifications for treating information in these two categories as CBI are provided below.

GENE DESCRIPTION

The essence of the commercial value of the Monsanto biotechnology products is the particular genetic information that confers the desired properties on the plant product, as well as the technical know-how inherent in this information. Monsanto is at the leading edge in the development of biotechnology products in a rapidly growing and highly competitive industry. This expertise has been gained through many man years of effort, and the expenditure of tens of millions of dollars on biotechnology research.

Monsanto has been working on the development of transgenic crops since the early 1980's and has expended several million dollars in research and testing costs. Monsanto can document the development and testing costs by means of monthly summaries of the man hours devoted to these projects, budgetary documents, field test agreements, and project documents for the Chesterfield facility.

In a case recently decided by the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit, <u>Critical Mass Energy Project v. NRC</u>, No. 90-5120, August 21, 1992, the court determined that information given to the government voluntarily will be treated as confidential under Exemption 4 if such information is of the kind that the provider would not customarily make available to the public. To the extent any references and other information in the Monsanto applications were submitted voluntarily, such information is accorded protection from disclosure. CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 3

The uniqueness of Monsanto's products lies in the particular combination of genetic components in the vectors transferred to these plants. Each genetic entity in these vectors has three pieces of information: a promoter region, the gene for the expression of the trait, and a stop signal. Although the information on each of these vector components may be in the public domain, the particular combination of the components put together by Monsanto is unique and represents years of effort and millions of dollars of expense.

To achieve the products which are the subject of this Confidential Business Information Justification, Monsanto has developed and tested many different plant strains using different combinations of genetic components. The plant products developed by Monsanto represent the best fit of the components, and the best mode of gene expression of the desired traits. The specific combination of genetic information on the vectors transferred to the Monsanto products has been kept strictly confidential. Monsanto employees and contractors under contract to Monsanto are contractually obligated to keep this information confidential.

There are many competitors of Monsanto, both national and international, who have the expertise not only to replicate Monsanto's products, but also to use Monsanto's technology to develop other products which would be competitive with Monsanto, thereby saving millions of dollars and years of development effort. These competitors include companies such as Rhone-Poulenc, Zeneca, and Ciba.

Monsanto's competitors cannot presently duplicate Monsanto's commercially valuable products from information in the public domain without going through the same painstaking trial and error development and testing of many different combinations of genetic information. It is important to emphasize that although there may be information about Monsanto products available in patent applications, this information is voluminous and general in nature, and does not identify the specific combinations of genetic information which Monsanto has found to be most effective. A competitor cannot determine from the patent applications which particular combination of genes and transgenic products will prove to be commercially valuable.

Access to gene description information for Monsanto's products would allow competitors to create essentially "copy-cat" products (avoiding any technical patent infringement) that would result in a market share loss for Monsanto of millions of dollars. By performing simple copy work, these competitors would avoid the millions of dollars and many years of research and development effort expended by Monsanto to develop its commercial products.

The release of gene description information would also provide competitors with commercially valuable knowledge about the particular products that Monsanto is planning to commercialize and the likely time frame for commercialization. This information would be extremely helpful to these companies in developing their own marketing strategies and development plans in a highly competitive market.

CBI Justification Notification 2000-534XRAB Page 4

NAMES AND INFORMATION ABOUT GENES, PROMOTERS AND EXPRESSED TRAITS

The release of information about the genes and promoters in the vectors will directly provide competitors with the knowledge of the precise genetic sequence - that Monsanto has found to be most desirable. If this information is disclosed, the competitors will have access to the structure of the Monsanto products, with the consequences outlined above. Patents for the products at issue in this matter are pending, but have not been issued.

Information on the expressed trait of the genes is tantamount to providing the name of the genes, and will allow Monsanto's competitors to readily identify the particular genes that have been transferred to the Monsanto products. The release of any information relating to changes made to an original gene to facilitate fusion with another gene would explicitly reveal Monsanto's trade secret technology for developing gene combinations.

IDENTITY AND CHARACTERISTICS OF DONOR ORGANISM

A donor organism is not claimed as CBI when the gene from such organism appears alone. CBI is only claimed for the name and/or identifying characteristics of a donor organism when the gene from this organism is used in a new and unique combination with another gene to give greatly enhanced expression of the desired trait.

The identity of the donor organisms have been claimed as confidential by Monsanto because the disclosure of this information will essentially reveal to Monsanto's competitors the nature of the genes for the expressed traits. Likewise, information on the characteristics of the donor organisms and the source of the characterization of the donor will reveal directly or with little difficulty the identify of the donor organism. With this information in hand, even without information on the other components of the vector, Monsanto's competitors will be accorded a tremendous advantage in their search for competitive products, and will be able to unfairly take advantage of the expensive and time intensive effort by Monsanto to identify this donor as the most suitable organism for providing the genetic information necessary to best express the desired traits.

Com Designation of the Designati

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, Missouri 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

August 08, 2000

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Permit Unit

USDA, APHIS, PPQ, BSS

4700 River Rd.

Riverdale, MD 27037

00-222-01n

- 1. USDA Reference Number
- 2. Applicant Reference Number 2000-534XRAB
- 3. Applicant/Responsible Party

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company

700 Chesterfield Parkway North

St. Louis

MO

63198

Phone

FAX

EMail

b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

636/737-7085

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C) monsanto.com

4. Duration of Introduction

Interstate Movement and Release

September 07, 2000 - September 07, 2001

5. Recipient

Wheat, Triticum aestivum

6. Regulated Article

Phenotypic Category:

HΤ

Phenotype:

glyphosate - tolerant

Cultivar variety: Bobwhite and backcross-derived progenies of winter wheat

CBIDELETED

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33391

Constructs: PV-TXGT10

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMoVa/I2 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal -5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an Agrobacterium species, strain **€**P4.

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an species, strain •

Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

designation of transformed line:

33512

Constructs: PV-TXGT12

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: CMP 3/I5 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP7-CP4 -- [CBI Deleted]



Terminator: NOS 3' -- A 3' non-translated region of the nopaline synthase gene of Agrobacterium tumefaciens T-DNA.

GENE OF INTEREST

Promoter: MP4 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Gene: CTP2-CP4 -- A gene fusion composed of the N-terminal chloroplast transit peptide sequence from the Arabidopsis thaliana EPSPS gene (CTP2), and the C-terminal -- 5-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-phosphate synthase gene (CP4) from an **grobacterium species, strain -- 6-enolpyruvylshikimate-3-enolp

Terminator: M1 -- [CBI Deleted]

CBI

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

7. Mode of Transformation8. Introduction		Disarmed Agrobacterium tumefaciens			
		Interstate Movement and Release			
Ship up to 400kg of seeds, seedlings and leaf tissues to and from each location.					
		·			
ORIGIN:		DESTINATION: IL, MO			
IL, MO		IL, WO			
Ship From:					
IL					
[CBI Deleted] *Jersey Coun	ty/Province, IL, U.S.A.			
•					
		•			
МО					
[CBI Deleted] *St. Louis Co	unty/Province, MO, U.S.A.			
	•				

Ship To:

IL

[CBI Deleted] -- *Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A.

CELDELEIED

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

МО

[CBI Deleted] -- *St. Louis County/Province, MO, U.S.A.

Monsanto Reference ID

2000-534XRAB

Release Site:

NUMBER OF STATES/TERRITORIES AND SITES:

IL (1)

IL

[CBI Deleted] -- Jersey County/Province, IL, U.S.A., 2 acres



The last two terms to the last two terms to

MONSANTO COMPANY
700 CHESTERFIELD PKWY NORTH
CHESTERFIELD, MISSOURI 63198
PHONE (314) 694-1000
http://www.monsanto.com

Monsanto Reference ID 2000-534XRAB

9. Certification

I certify that the regulated article will be introduced in accordance with the eligibility criteria and the performance standards set forth in 7 CFR 340.3. The above information is true to the best of our knowledge. If there are any changes, we will contact APHIS.

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company August 08, 2000



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

Mr. Stanley E. Smith, Plant & Pesticide Spec. Supervisor Illinois Department of Agriculture CMS North Suburban 9511 Harrison Street, Room A169 Des Plaines, IL 60016

August 10, 2000

Dear Mr. Smith:

Enclosed is notification 00-222-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-222-01n

Applicant #: 2000-534XRAB

Received:

August 9, 2000

Effective:

September 8, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IL MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

AUG 2 2 2000

Mr. Stanley E. Smith, Plant & Pesticide Spec. Supervisor Illinois Department of Agriculture CMS North Suburban 9511 Harrison Street, Room A169 Des Plaines, IL 60016 Dear Mr. Smith:

August 10, 2000

Enclosed is notification 00-222-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-222-01n

Applicant #: 2000-534XRAB

Received:

August 9, 2000

Effective:

September 8, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Recipient:

Wheat

Interstate destination: IL MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Wood, PPQ, Raleigh, NC

ST	ATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION				
State concurs with APHIS determination.					
State DOES NOT CONCU	R and offers the following reasons:				
Name of State official:					
Signature:					
Date:					
State:	Rptloc01/R4				



Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdals, MD 20737

Mr. Michael Brown Plant Industries Division Missouri Department of Agriculture 1616 Missouri Boulevard Jefferson City, MO 65102

August 10, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-222-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number

00-222-01n

Applicant #: 2000-534XRAB

Wheat

Received:

August 9, 2000

Effective: Recipient:

September 8, 2000

Institution: Monsanto

Interstate destination: IL MO

Release destination:

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (d) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

CC: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STATE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with APHIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official: Without E- Brown
(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)
Date: 8/21/00
State: MO, Rptloc01/R4

AUG 2 2 2000



Mr. Michael Brown
Plant Industries Division
Missouri Department of Agriculture
1616 Missouri Boulevard
Jefferson City, MO 65102

August 10, 2000

Dear Mr. Brown:

Enclosed is notification 00-222-01n for your review. The information has been reviewed and it has been determined that the request meets the eligibility criteria and performance standards for notification under 7 CFR 340.3 (c).

Bp number 00-222-01n Applicant #: 2000-534XRAB

Received: August 9, 2000 Effective: September 8, 2000

Institution: Monsanto Recipient: Wheat

Interstate destination: IL MO Release destination: IL

Should you have comments, please respond either by telephone (301) 734-5787 or by facsimilie (301) 734-8910 on or before the effective date.

It is mandated under 7 CFR 340.3 (c) that APHIS provide an acknowledgement within 30 days of receipt.

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: D. DeWeese, PPQ, Jefferson City, MO

STA	TE RESPONSE TO NOTIFICATION
State concurs with AP	HIS determination.
State DOES NOT CONCUR	and offers the following reasons:
Name of State official:	Jr.
Signature:	
Date:	
State:	Rptloc01/R4

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after September 8, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-222-01n (2000-534XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Illinois, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Biotechnology).

Sincerely,

/s/ E. Dianne Hatmaker

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc:

- S. Smith, Illinois Dept. of Agric., Des Plaines, IL
- M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO
- D. DeWeese, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO
- S. Wood, PPQ, NER, Raleigh, NC

File number 00-222-01n

Confirmation Report-Memory Send

Time : Sep-05-00 04:11pm

Tel line 1: Tel line 2: Name

Job number : 239

Date : Sep-05 04:10pm

Tο : 916367377085

Document Pages : 01

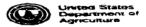
Start time : Sep-05 04:11pm

End time : Sep-05 04:11pm

Pages sent : 01

Job number : 239

*** SEND SUCCESSFUL ***



Animal and Plant Heath Inspection Service

4700 River Road Riverdale, MD 20737

September 5, 2000

(b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Monsanto Company 700 Chesterfield Pkwy N St. Louis, MO 63198

Dear (b) (6), (b) (7)(C)

Your notification request has been acknowledged and may be executed according to 7 CFR 340.3(c), effective on or after September 8, 2000.

Interstate movement and Release Notification no. 00-222-01n (2000-534XRAB) Regulated article - Wheat Destinations - Illinois, Missouri

You must comply with the performance standards as stated in 7 CFR 340.3(c). You or any of your cooperators who will be involved in handling the regulated article must be prepared with a written or verbal description of the methods to be employed to meet each performance standard. In addition, all packages must be clearly labeled as to content, and notification number must be prominently displayed on package.

This acknowledgment does not authorize use of "challenge organisms" for field test.

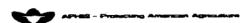
A copy of this letter of acknowledgment will be sent to the receiving State Regulatory Officials, and the Regional Program Managers, (Blotechnology).

(b) (6), (b)(7)(C)

E. Dianne Hatmaker, Chief Biotechnology Program Operations Permits and Risk Assessments Plant Protection and Quarantine

Enclosure

cc: S. Smith, Illinois Dept. of Agric., Des Plaines, IL. M. Brown, Missouri Dept. of Agric., Jefferson City, MO D. DeWesse, PPQ, SCR, Jefferson City, MO S. Wood, PPQ, NER, Raleigh, NC



An Equal Opportunity Emplo

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-222-01n Monsanto # 2000-534XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Site #1	County Jersey	State IL	
Jersey County, IL Planting Date: October 9, 2000 Destruct Date: June 18, 2001 Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: PV-TXGT Purpose of Trial: (b) (4)	10, line 33391		
Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility:		(b) (4)	
(b)	(4)		
Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: (b)		(4)	
Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Pla	nt Stand Characterist (4)	tics:	(b) (4)
Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot A (b) (4)	Area after Harvesting	:	(b) (4)
Additional Comments: (b) (4)	(b) (4)		

2000 Wheat Field Trial Report USDA # 00-222-01n Monsanto # 2000-534XRAB

Biotech Field Compliance Team October 15, 2001 Monsanto Company

Location Site #1

County Jersey

State IL

Jersey County, IL

Planting Date: October 9, 2000 Destruct Date: June 18, 2001

Vector Constructs/Line Numbers Planted: [CBI deleted]

Purpose of Trial: [Demonstration tria] - CBI

Field Monitoring for Disease Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Insect Susceptibility: [CBI deleted]

Field Monitoring for Plant Growth, Weediness and Plant Stand Characteristics: [CBI deleted]

Method of Devitalization or Final Disposition of Plot Area after Harvesting: [CBI deleted]

Additional Comments: [CBI deleted]